

ADSL 200ES/ER

User's Manual



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Important Safeguards

Please read and understand all instructions.

Follow all warnings and instructions marked on the product.

Environment

- ★ The VisionNet 200ES/ER is intended for in-house stationary use (desktop or wall-mounted).
- ★ The maximum ambient temperature may not exceed 40°C (104°F) external to the housing.
- ★ The VisionNet 200ES/ER must not be mounted in a location exposed to direct or excessive solar and/or heat radiation.
- ★ The VisionNet 200ES/ER should not be exposed to heat trap conditions and must not be subjected to water or condensation.
- ★ The VisionNet 200ES/ER must be installed in a Pollution Degree 2 environment.

Cleaning

Unplug the 200ES/ER from the wall outlet before cleaning. Do not use liquid cleaners or aerosol cleaners. Use a damp cloth for cleaning.

Water and Moisture

Do not use the 200ES/ER near water (near a bathtub, wash bowl, kitchen sink, laundry tub, in a wet basement or near a swimming pool).

Power Sources

The 200ES/ER should be operated only from the type of power source indicated on the marking labels. If you are not sure of type of power supply to your home, consult technical support or your local power company.

The main socket outlet must be near the equipment and easily accessible.

The router equipment is **not** intended to be connected to an **IT-type** power system.

Power Cord Protection

Do not allow anything to rest on the power cord. Do not locate this product where the cord will be subject to persons walking on it.

Overloading

Do not overload wall (mains) outlets and extension cords as this can result in fire or electric shock.

Servicing

To reduce the risk of electric shock, do not disassemble this product. None of its parts are user-replaceable; therefore, no reason exists to access the interior. Opening or removing the cover may expose you to dangerous voltages or other risks. In addition, incorrect reassembly can cause electric shock when the appliance is subsequently used.

If service or repair work is required, take it to qualified service personnel.

Damage Requiring Service

Unplug the product from the wall outlet and refer servicing to qualified service personnel under the following conditions:

- ★ If liquid has been spilled into the product.
- ★ If the product has been exposed to rain or water.
- ★ If the product does not operate normally when following the operating instructions.
- ★ If the product has been dropped and damaged.
- ★ If the product exhibits a distinct change in performance.

Modem / Telephone Use

Avoid using a modem/telephone during an electrical storm. There may be a remote risk of electric shock from lightning.

Do not use the telephone to report a gas leak in the vicinity of the leak.

If telephone service is required on the same line and for optimum ADSL performance, distributed filters must be installed. Depending on your ADSL configuration and type of filters, installation may be required by qualified service personnel. Consult your telephone company or ADSL service provider for instructions.

FCC Information

Radio Frequency Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates radio frequency energy and if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- * Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- * Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- * Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- * Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Notice:

Any change or modification not expressly approved by the Guarantee of the equipment authorization could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference and,
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

The class B digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference - Causing Equipment Regulation.

Cet appareil numerique de la class B respecte toutes les exigences du reglement sur le materiel brouilleur du Canada.

Protection of the telephone network statement

This equipment complies with Part 68 of the FCC Rules. On the solder side (back side) of this equipment is a label that contains, among other information, the FCC Registration Number and Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) for this equipment. You must, upon request, provide this information to your telephone company.

This equipment uses RJ11 jacks.

An FCC compliant telephone cord and modular plug are provided with this equipment. This equipment is designed to be connected to the telephone network or premises wiring using a compatible modular jack, which is part 68 compliant. See installation instructions for details.

The REN is useful to determine the quality of devices you may connect to your telephone line and still have all those devices ring when your telephone number is called. In most, but not all areas, the sum of all the REN's of all devices connected to one line should not exceed five (5.0). To be certain of the number of devices you may connect to your line, as determined by the REN, you should contact your local telephone company to determine the maximum REN for your calling area.

If your telephone equipment causes harm to the telephone network, the Telephone company may discontinue your service temporarily. If possible, they will notify you in advance. But if advance notice is not practical, you will be notified as soon as possible. You will be informed of your right to file a complaint with the FCC.

Your telephone company may make changes in its facilities, equipment, operations or procedures that would affect the proper functioning of your equipment. If they do, you will be notified in advance to give you an opportunity to maintain uninterrupted telephone service.

If you experience trouble with this equipment, please contact the site on the back of this guide for information on obtaining service or repairs. The Telephone Company may ask that you disconnect this equipment from the network until the problem has been corrected or until you are sure that the equipment is not malfunctioning.

No user serviceable parts contain in this equipment.

This equipment may not be used in coin service provided by the telephone company. Connection to party lines is subject to state tariffs.

Preparing to Install

1. Introduction

The VisionNet ADSL 200ES/ER is an integrated ADSL (Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line) bridge (ES) or router (ER), which enables high speed Internet access from your Ethernet local area network (LAN). The 200ES/ER brings high-speed connections to home users, small offices and telecommuters.

The ADSL 200ES/ER is designed to "plug and play". Setup of the 200ES/ER is as simple as connecting it to a PC that is equipped with an Ethernet adapter card and then connecting it to an ADSL outlet.

2. System Requirements

Does your PC have an acceptable configuration?

Your PC must meet the following minimum requirements:

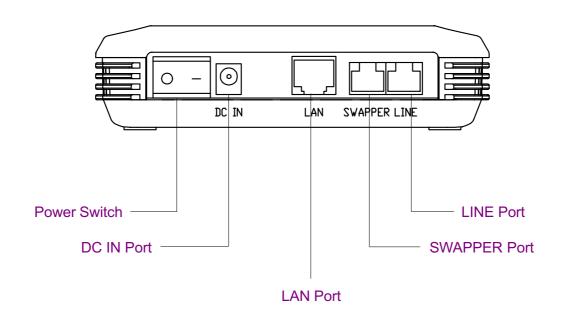
- ✓ OS Platform with TCP/IP support
- ✓ 10 or 100 BT Ethernet port
- ✓ 32 Mb RAM or more

3. Front Panel



< Front Panel of the VisionNet ADSL 200ES/ER >

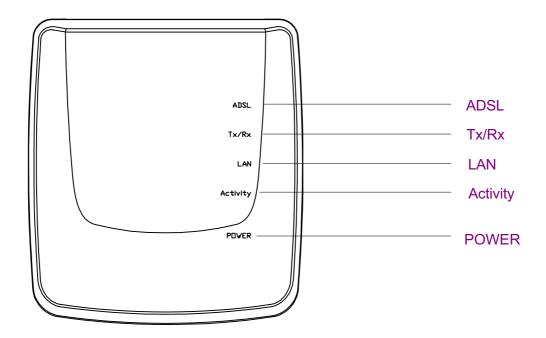
4. Rear Panel



< Rear Panel of the VisionNet ADSL 200ES/ER >

5. LEDs

The following table explains the functions of the LEDs located on the Front Panel:



LEDs	Color	Status	Meaning
ADSL	Green	- Flashing	- Trying to connect ADSL line
		- Solid	- ADSL line is linked
Tx/Rx	Green	- Flashing	- Data is transmitted or received to the ADSL line
LAN	Green	- Flashing	- Data is transmitted or received to the LAN side
		- Solid	- Ethernet interface is active
Activity	Green	- Flashing	- The device ready to work
POWER	Red	- Solid	- Input power is applied
		- Off	- Power Off

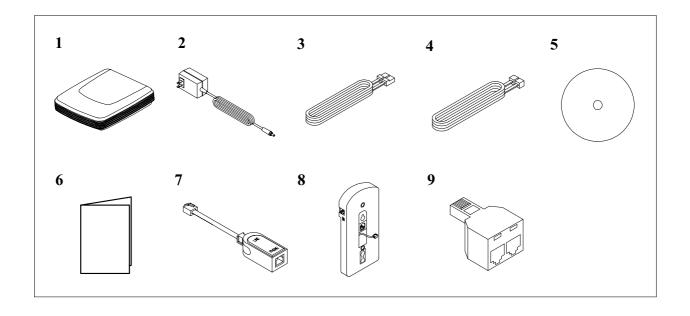
Installation

1. Parts Included

Check for the following contents of your package.

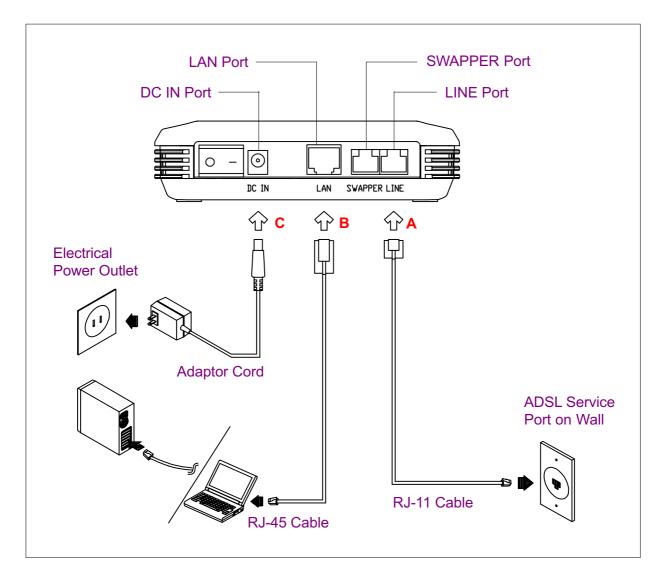
- ✓ 1. VisionNet 200ES/ER
- ✓ 2. Power Adapter
- ✓ 3. RJ-45 Ethernet Cable
- ✓ 4. RJ-11 Phone Cable
- ✓ 5. CD ROM (Manual)
- ✓ 6. Quick Start Guide
- ✓ 7. External In-line Filter (sold separately)
- ✓ 8. Wall-mount Filter (sold separately)
- ✓ 9. Two-way Adaptor (sold separately)

Note: External in-line and wall mount filters and two-way adaptor are sold separately. If you did not order a kit, your package will not contain filters.



If you are missing any of the above items, please contact the sales office where you purchased your unit or your ADSL service provider.

2. Connecting the Hardware



< Connect the Hardware >

- **A.** Connect one end of the RJ-11 telephone cable to the VisionNet 200ES/ER's **LINE** port and the other end to the ADSL service port (wall jack).
- **B.** Connect the RJ-45 Ethernet cable to the **LAN** port of the VisionNet 200ES/ER and the other end to the PC's Ethernet port.
- C. Plug the coaxial jack from the electric power supply adapter into the VisionNet 200ES/ER's **DC** IN port and the other end to the main outlet. Turn on the power switch.

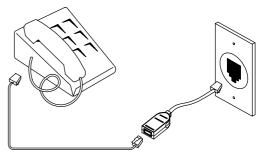
3. Verifying Connections

- a. If the **POWER** LED on the VisionNet 200ES/ER is not solid RED...
 - ✓ Verify that the power adapter is plugged securely into the electric outlet.
 - ✓ Verify that the power switch is placed in the "On" position.
- b. If the LAN LED on the VisionNet 200ES/ER is not solid GREEN...
 - ✓ Verify that the RJ-45 connection is secure on both the PC Ethernet port and RJ-45 port on the VisionNet 200ES/ER.
- c. If the ADSL LED on the VisionNet 200ES/ER is not solid GREEN within 2 minutes...
 - ✓ Check the RJ-11 connection on the **LINE** port of the VisionNet 200ES/ER. Make sure that the RJ-11 is securely connected to the **LINE** port on the VisionNet 200ES/ER from the ADSL wall jack.

Note: If the ADSL does not become solid within 2 minutes and you have verified a secure RJ-11 connection on the **LINE** port and wall jack, reconnect the ADSL line to the **SWAPPER** port.

4. Question and Answer (Q &A)

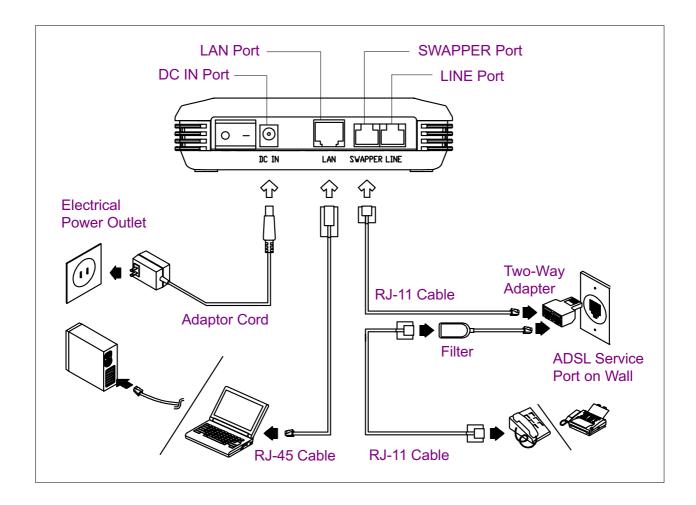
- **Q1:** Why do I need a filter on the telephone line attached to the ADSL service?
- A1: Converting your regular phone into a Digital Subscriber Line (DSL) can cause audible noises (high pitched tones and static) when you try to
 - (high pitched tones and static) when you try to talk on the phone without a filter. You will need to install a filter on each telephone or device that shares the DSL line to eliminate this noise; phones or devices that share the same telephone number as your ADSL service. Other devices where a filter should be placed include answering machines and fax machines. The filters will enable both Internet access and normal phone use at the same time.



- **Q2:** How do I connect the filter?
- **A2:** Place the filter in jacks that share the same telephone number with the activated ADSL line.
- Q3: When is a two-way adapter required?
- **A3:** If your 200ES/ER shares a jack with another telephone, you will need to install a two-way adapter. A two-way adapter is not a filter; it merely allows two lines to connect into one jack. Plug the two-way adapter into the wall jack, plug a in-line filter into one of the two jacks on the

two-way adaptor, then connect your telephone to the filter. The remaining jack on the two-way adaptor is used to connect the 200ES/ER to your ADSL service (a filter should not be used when connecting to your modem).

- **Q4:** When do I need to use the **SWAPPER** port?
- A4: The LINE port and SWAPPER port cannot be used at the same time. If the ADSL LED does not become solid in 2 minutes, unplug the RJ-11 from the LINE port and reconnect it to the SWAPPER port. In most cases, the LINE jack is utilized in typical ADSL connections. In some areas, this may not be the case, so DQ Technology provides an alternative pin configuration (the SWAPPER port) in case the standard was changed at some point in your wall jack.



- **Q5:** When do I need to use the "RESET" button?
- A5: If the VisionNet 200ES/ER cannot be accessed or an issue cannot be resolved, press the "RE-SET" button with a pen (press down and hold a few seconds) to reset the device to factory default settings. Note that all the previous settings of 200ES/ER will be cleared when you press the "RESET" button, so you need to re-configure the 200ES/ER after resetting.



Configuration Settings

If your service provider has configured your 200ES/ER for the service, do not change these settings unless instructed by your service provider.

All configuration and management for the 200ES/ER is done via a Web browser. You can change the 200ES/ER settings with a web browser such as Microsoft Internet Explorer or Netscape Navigator.

The 200ES/ER can operate as a bridge or Internet Protocol (IP) router, depending on the type you purchased. As a result, the 200ES/ER's configuration is divided into **Bridge** (ES) and **Router** (ER) configuration. Only one of these will apply to your modem.

Bridge Configuration

If you purchased a 200ES bridge modem, please refer to this section.

If you need to change a modem setting, you will need to configure your PC as defined in the following pages. However, you will need to reconfigure your PC after you are finished with the modem.

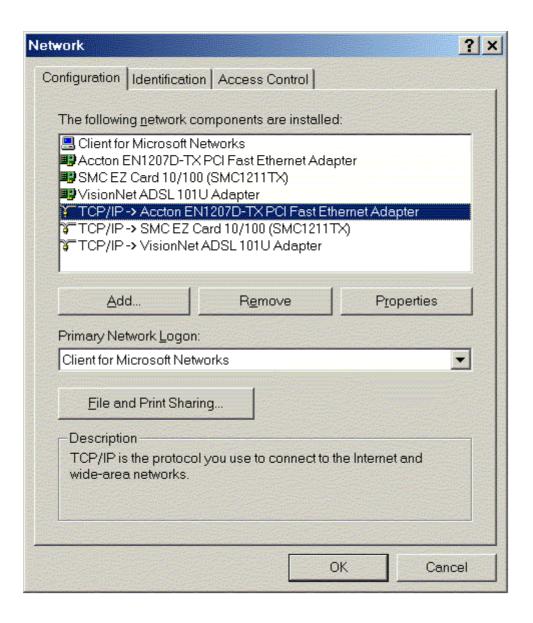
Note: If you wish to upgrade your 200ES bridge modem to a 200ER router, please contact your ISP or DQ Technology.

1. Configuring Your PC to Access the 200ES

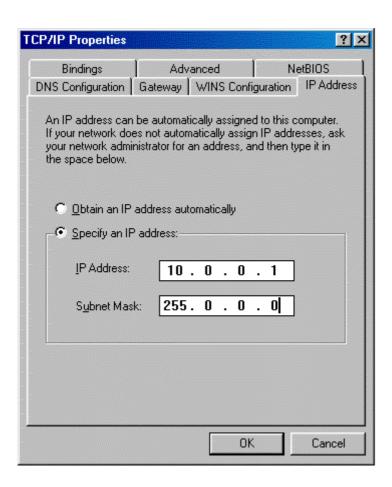
To access the configuration pages you must set your PC's IP address to 10.0.0.1 and Subnet mask to 255.0.0.0. The default address of the modem is 10.0.0.2.

❖ Win 95 / Win 98 / Win 98SE / Win Me

- a. From the **Start** menu on the tool bar, select **Settings Control Panel**, then double click on the **Network** icon.
- b. The **Network** window appears. Select the **Configuration** tab, scroll to the installed network component window and select **TCP/IP-->NIC** (**Network Interface Card**). Click the **Properties** button.



c. The TCP/IP Properties window will appear. Select the Specify an IP Address option, then enter the IP Address as 10.0.0.1 and Subnet Mask as 255.0.0.0.

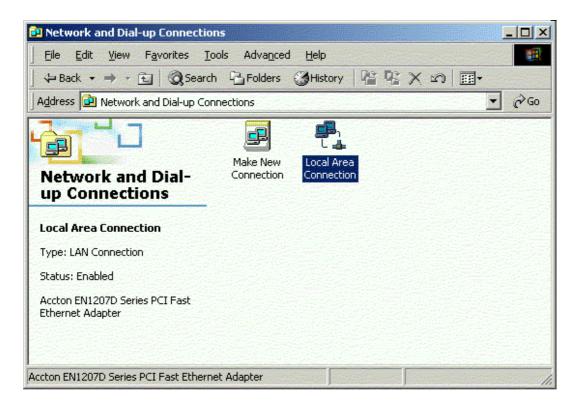


d. You will be asked to restart your computer to complete the settings. Click **Yes** to restart your computer.

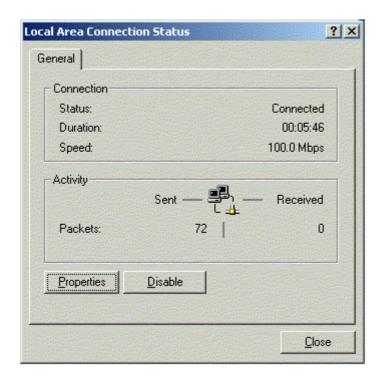


❖ Win 2000

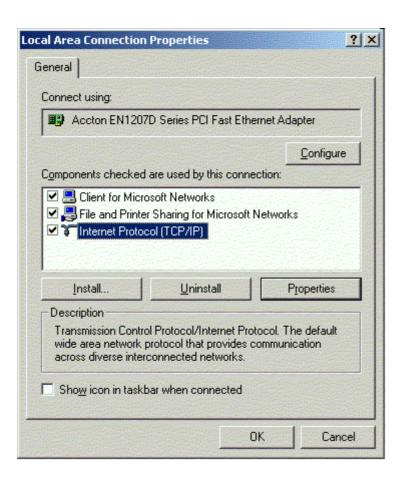
- a. From the **Start** menu on the tool bar, select **Settings Control Panel**, then double click on the **Network and Dial-up Connections** icon.
- b. The **Network and Dial-up Connections** window appears. Double click on the **Local Area Connection** icon for TCP/IP network adapter.



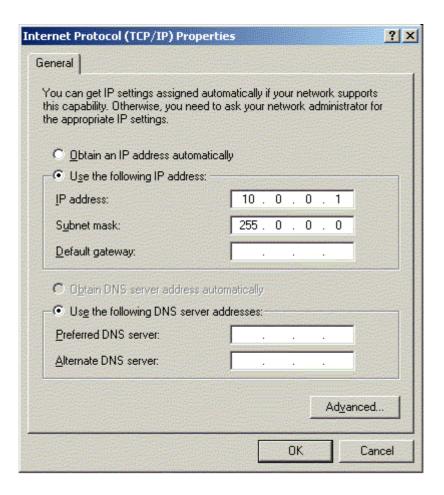
c. The Local Area Connection Status window appears. Click the Properties button.



d. The Local Area Connection Properties window appears. Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), then click the Properties button.

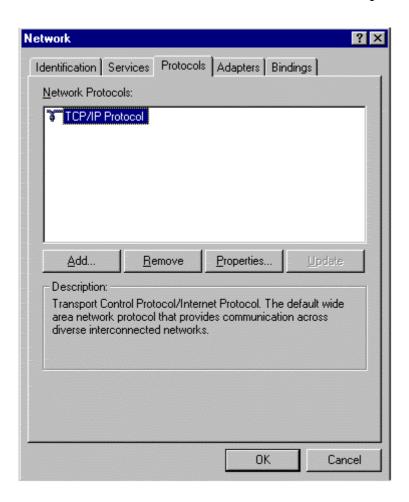


e. The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties window will appear. Enter the IP Address as 10.0.0.1 and Subnet Mask as 255.0.0.0, then click on the OK button and complete the settings.

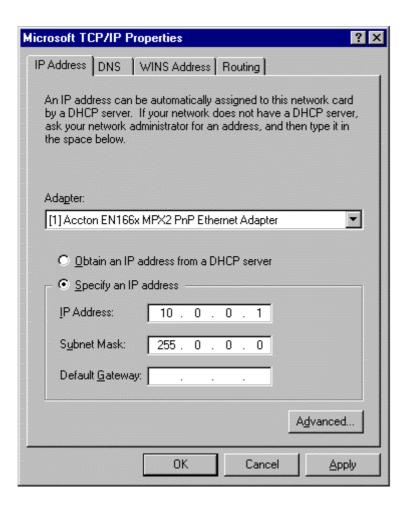


❖ Win NT4.0

- a. From the **Start** menu on the tool bar, select **Settings Control Panel**, then double click on the **Network** icon.
- b. The **Network** window appears. Select the **Protocols** tab, scroll the network protocols window and select **TCP/IP Protocol**. Click the **Properties** button.

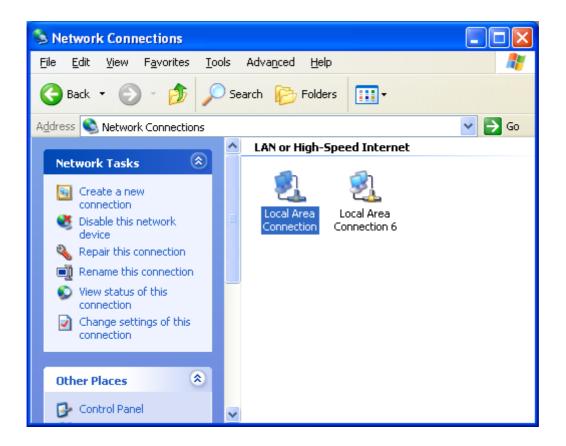


c. The Microsoft TCP/IP Properties window appears. Select the IP Address tab and then choose the Specify an IP Address option. Enter the IP Address as 10.0.0.1 and Subnet Mask as 255.0.0.0, then click the OK button and complete the settings.

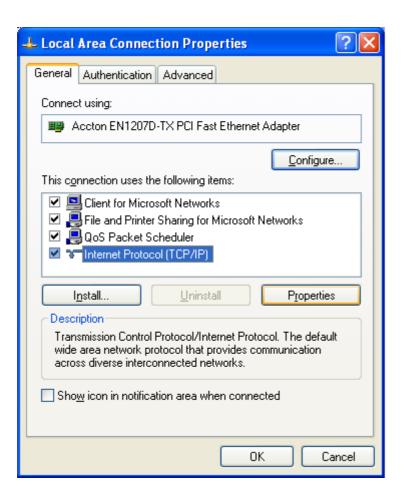


❖ Win XP

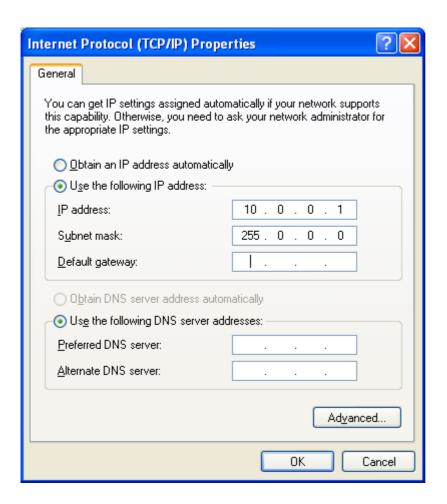
- a. From the **Start** menu on the tool bar, select **Control Panel**, then double-click on the **Network Connections** icon.
- b. The **Network Connections** window appears. Right-click on the **Local Area Connection** for TCP/IP network adapter and select **Properties**.



c. The Local Area Connection Properties window appears. Click on Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), then click on Properties.



d. The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties window will appear. Select the Use the following IP address option and enter the IP address as 10.0.0.1 and Subnet mask as 255.0.0.0. Click the OK button and complete the settings.



2. Accessing the 200ES

You can use your PC's web browser to access the web configuration pages in the 200ES. The default address of the 200ES is 10.0.0.2.

Follow these instructions to open a connection to the 200ES.

A. Start your web browser and enter the web address as **10.0.0.2** on the browser's address field. **10.0.0.2** is the factory default for the 200ES LAN IP address. If you change the IP address, you must enter that new IP address in the browser's address field.



B. When the **Enter Network Password** window appears, type user name and password to access the main page of the 200ES. The ADSL 200ES provides two levels of access: **User** and **Administration**.

For **User** level access, the **Username** is **"user"** and **Password** is **"password"**. If you choose User login, you can only view settings.

For **Administration** level access, the **Username** is "admin" and "Password" is "visionnet". If you choose Administrator login, you have full access to the 200ES.



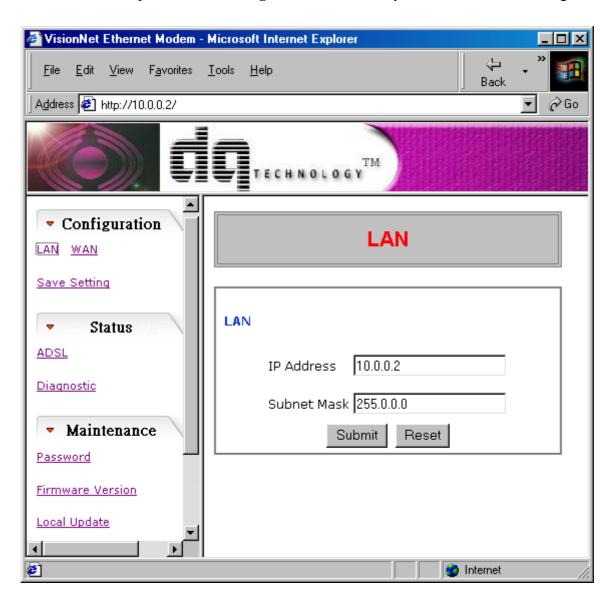
C. The Main Page is shown first when you use a web browser to access the 200ES. The left side of the page contains 3 menu items: **Configuration**, **Status** and **Maintenance**.

3. System Configuration

The Configuration section is used to set up your 200ES to access the Internet.

■ LAN Page

a. Click the LAN option in the Configuration menu and you will see the following screen.



- b. The factory default is set as shown on screen.
- c. If you want to customize the setting for the Ethernet interface on the 200ES, enter or change the following information in the LAN windows.
- d. When Setting are completed, click **Submit**. You can click **Reset** to bring back the last setting; this function can only be used before you click **Submit**.

Note1: Both the IP Address for the Ethernet interface on your200ES and IP Address for the LAN card on your PC must be on the same Subnet. If you re-configure the IP Address for the Ethernet Interface on your 200ES, you also need to check or re-configure your PC's LAN IP Address as the same Subnet to access the 200ES.

Note2: In bridge mode, the 10.0.0.2 IP address is only used to access the 200ES's user interface. It is highly recommended that you do not change the IP address. If you choose to change this field, you should configure the IP address to be in a private address (i.e. 10.x.x, 172.16.x.x or 192.168.x.x).

Definitions

IP Address:

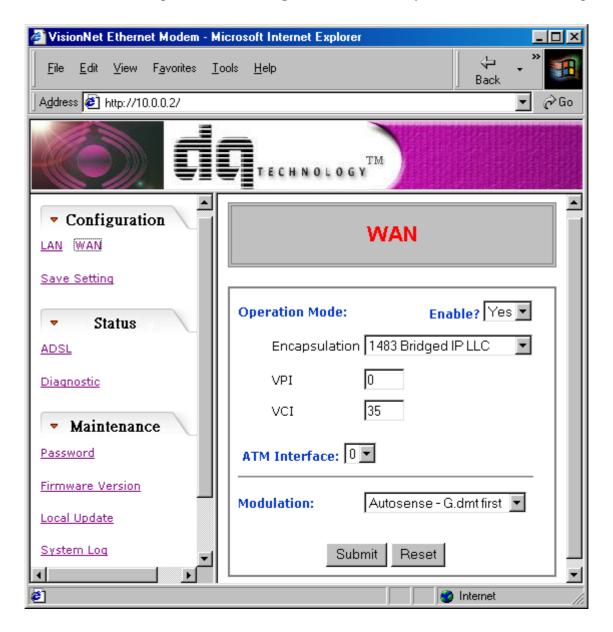
The IP address of the 200ES on the network connected to its LAN interface.

Subnet Mask:

The range of Subnet mask in use for the LAN connected to the Ethernet port. Default is 255.0.0.0.

■ WAN Page

a. Click the WAN option in the Configuration menu and you will see the following screen.



- b. In the **ENCAPSULATION** bar, you can use the drop-down menu to select the encapsulation method supplied by your ISP. **1483** Bridged IP LLC is the most common and is the default configuration.
- c. Enter the **VPI** and **VCI** (0,35 is most common) provided by your ISP. Please confirm with your ADSL service provider.
- d. The ADSL connects and communicates with the WAN interface (Internet) via ATM. In the ATM structure, the ADSL circuit has a VC (Virtual Circuit). You can set up one or several Virtual Interfaces to make a connection, communicate individually or simultaneously.
 - You can configure ATM settings for each virtual circuit which does not affect other virtual circuits. The screen that appears depends on the operation mode you selected.

In the **ATM Interface** bar, you can set eight ATM VC's. Choose **Yes** to enable your VC settings.

The default is set to $\mathbf{0}$. Do not set $1 \sim 7$ unless instructed by your ISP.

- e. In the **Modulation** bar, you can use the pull-down menu to select the modulation protocol. The factory default is set to **Autosense-G.dmt first**.
- f. When Settings are completed, click **Submit**. You can click **Reset** to bring back the last setting; this function can only be used before you click **Submit**.

Definitions

VPI:

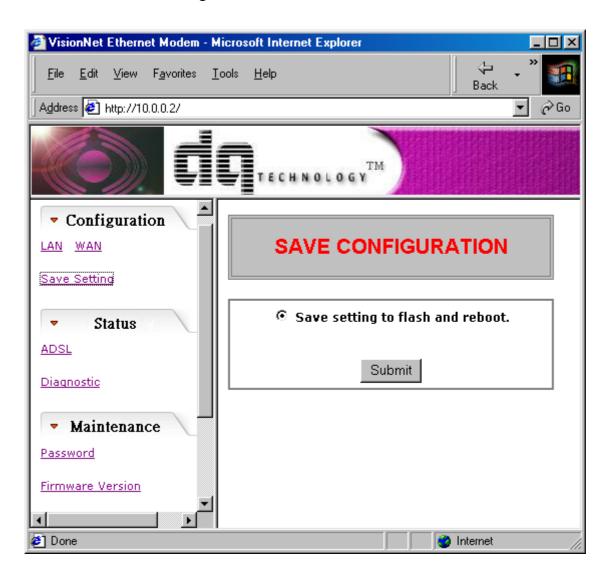
Enter the number of the Virtual Path Identifier in the VPI field.

VCI:

Enter the number of the Virtual Circuit Identifier in the VCI field.

■ Save Setting Page

Click the **Save Setting** option in the **Configuration** menu and you will see the following screen. Click **Submit** to save settings.

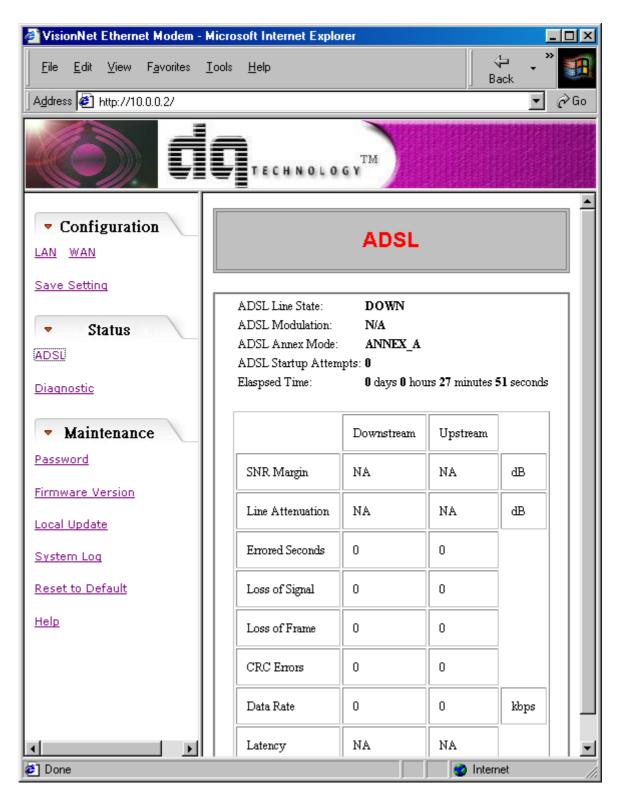


4. System Status

This Section allows you determine if there are any issues with the 200ES.

■ ADSL Page

a. Click the ADSL option in the Status menu and you will see the following screen.



- b. You can view the line rate (Data Rate) on your screen after the ADSL link is established.
- c. Click the **ADSL** option in **Status** each time you want to see the most updated line rate or ADSL connection status when the ADSL link is established.

E Definitions

SNR Margin:

Amount of increased noise (dB loss in SNR) that can be tolerated while maintaining a BER of 10⁻⁷.

Line Attenuation:

Measured in dB.

Error Seconds:

The time of a received Reed Solomon codeword for data stream indicating that errors have been corrected in that codeword.

Loss of Signal:

The received pilot tone power, averaged over 100 ms, is 6dB or more below the reference power.

Loss of Frame:

When the unit receives two consecutive synchronization symbols, the number of tones with a mismatch between the expected and the measured bit pattern is lower than the threshold.

CRC Errors:

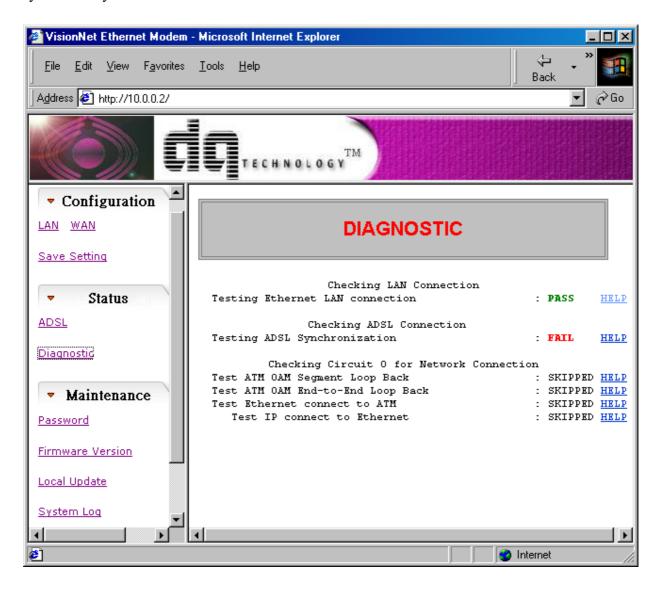
When a received CRC-8 code for the data stream is not identical to the corresponding generated code at a rate of at most 1 per super frame (17ms).

Data Rate:

When the router is up, these parameters indicate the actual ATM bit rate (without overheat) for the up stream / down stream paths.

■ Diagnostic Page

Click the **Diagnostic** option in the **Status** menu to see the status of Diagnostic tests. Note that in bridge mode, several tests may fail. This is normal, but you should verify diagnostics results with your ISP if your connection fails.



5. System Administration

The system administration level allows you to change the password and verify/load software revision levels.

■ Password Page

a. Click the **Password** option in the **Maintenance** menu and you will see the following screen.



- b. You can change your User or Admin Passwords in this page.
- c. When you have completed your Setting, click **Submit**. You can click **Reset** to bring back the last setting; this function can only be used before you click **Submit**.

■ Firmware Version Page

Click the **Firmware Version** option in the **Maintenance** menu to see the software version of your 200ES.



■ Local Update Page

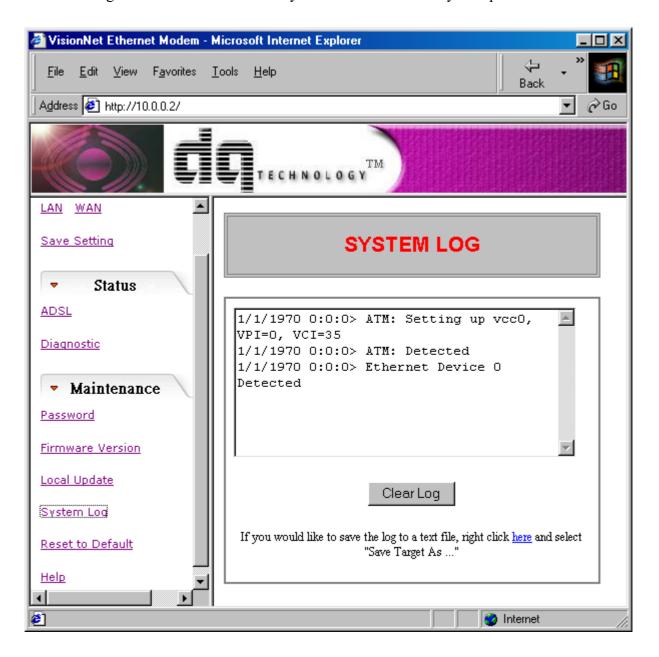
a. Click the **Local Update** option in the **Maintenance** menu and you will see the following screen. You can upgrade the 200ES's software from this page.



- b. A current version of the 200ES software package must reside either on your hard disk or on a floppy disk to load onto the 200ES. Click the **Browse** button next to the passive software version and locate the new software package on either your hard disk or floppy.
- c. Select the correct package and click the **Upload** button. The software package will be transferred from your PC to the 200ES.
- d. After the update is complete, either power reset your modem or click on the **Reboot** button.

■ System Log Page

Click on the **System Log** option in the **Maintenance** menu and you will see the following screen. These messages can be saved and sent to your ISP for further analysis if problems occur.



■ Reset to Default Page

a. Click the **Reset to Default** option in the **Maintenance** menu and you will see the following screen.

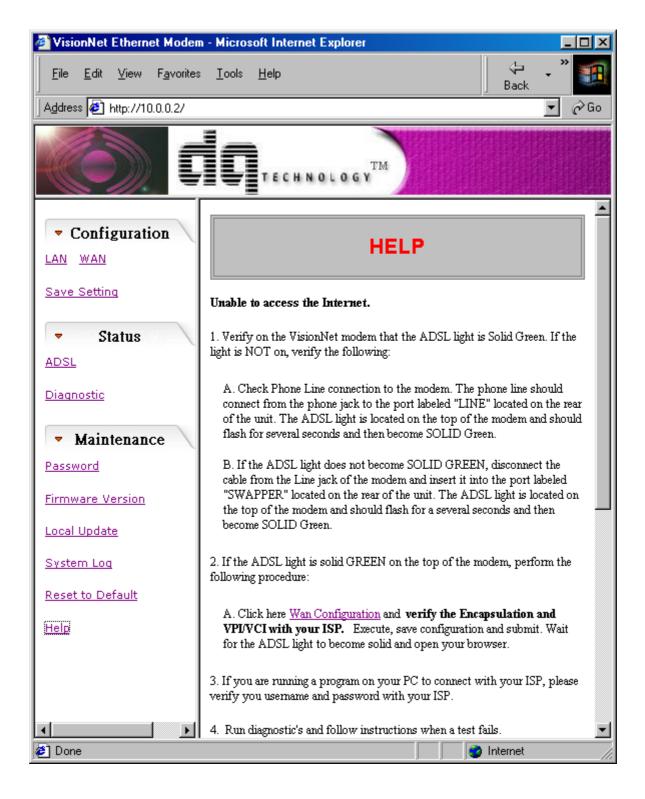


- b. You can reset the device to factory default from this page. Note that all the previous settings of the 200ES will be deleted when you execute the reset function. You may need to reconfigure the 200ES (if needed).
- c. Click **Reset** and the 200ES will reset settings to factory default and reboot.

■ Help Page

Click the **Help** option in the **Maintenance** menu and you will see the following screen.

If you have question or need help, you may refer to the Help pages.



Router Configuration

If you purchased a 200ER Router modem, please refer to this section.

In router mode, the 200ER default configuration enables the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server. The DHCP server is a network protocol that enables the 200ER to automatically assign an IP address to individual computers attached to your 200ER LAN interface.

The following describes how to access your 200ER by setting your PC as a DHCP client. You may also access your 200ER by statically assigning an IP address to your PC. If you choose this method, the IP address configured in your PC must be in the same subnetwork as the 200ER.

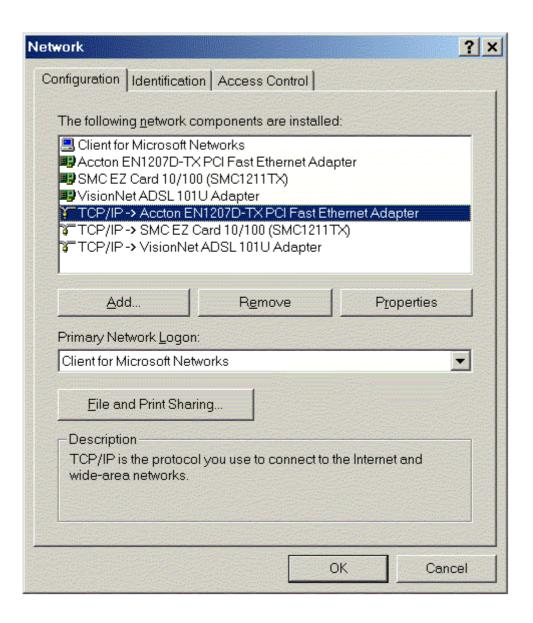
1. Configuring Your PC to Access the 200ER

If your PC has DHCP client enabled, simply power on your 200ER before starting your PC. The Ethernet adapter will be assigned an IP address from the DHCP sever. You may also use Window programs **winipcfg.exe** or **ipconfig.exe** to release the old address and renew to request a new address.

If you want to turn on a computer with a DHCP client, configure your LAN IP address to obtain an IP address automatically. The following steps describe how to configure a Windows based device to obtain an IP address automatically. (Please consult your OS user's manual if you have a non-Windows based device).

❖ Win 95 / Win 98 / Win 98SE / Win Me

- a. Right-click the Network Neighborhood icon and select Properties.
- b. When the **Network** window appears, select the **Configuration** tab, then select **TCP/IP-->NIC** (**Network Interface Card**). Click the **Properties** button.

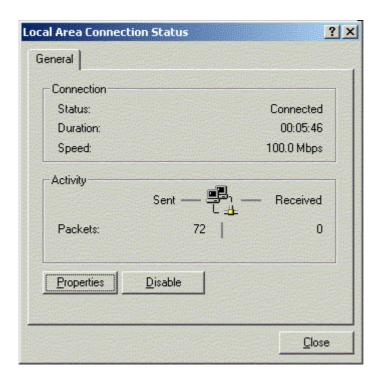


- c. The TCP/IP Properties window will appear. Select the IP Address tab. Select Obtain an IP address automatically, then click OK.
- d. You will be asked to restart your computer to complete the settings. Click **Yes** to restart your computer.



❖ Win 2000

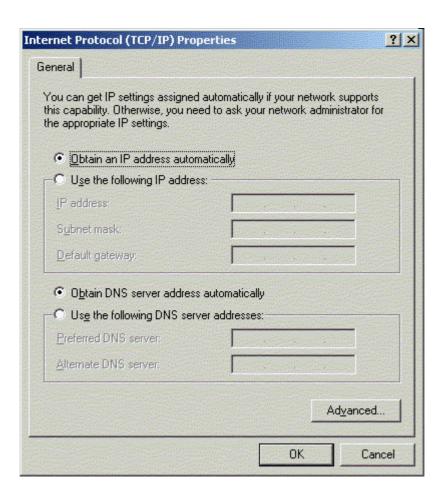
- a. Right-click the Network Neighborhood icon and select Properties.
- b. The **Network and Dial-up Connections** window appears. Double click on the **Local Area Connection** icon for TCP/IP network adapter.
- c. The Local Area Connection Status window appears. Click the Properties button.



d. The Local Area Connection Properties window appears. Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), then click the Properties button.

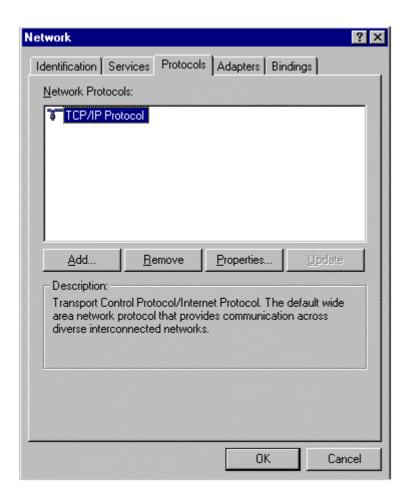


e. The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties window will appear. Select Obtain an IP address automatically, then click the OK button and complete the settings.

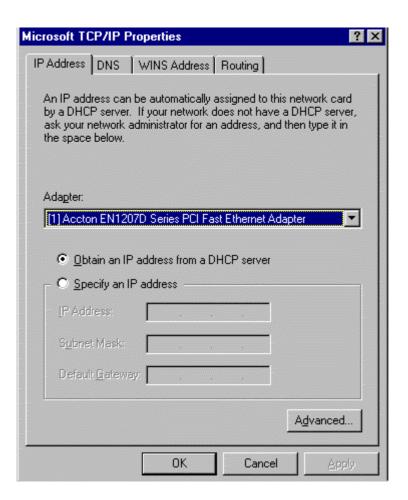


❖ Win NT4.0

- a. Right-click the Network Neighborhood icon and select Properties.
- b. The **Network** window appears. Select the **Protocols** tab, scroll down the network protocols window and select **TCP/IP Protocol**. Click the **Properties** button.

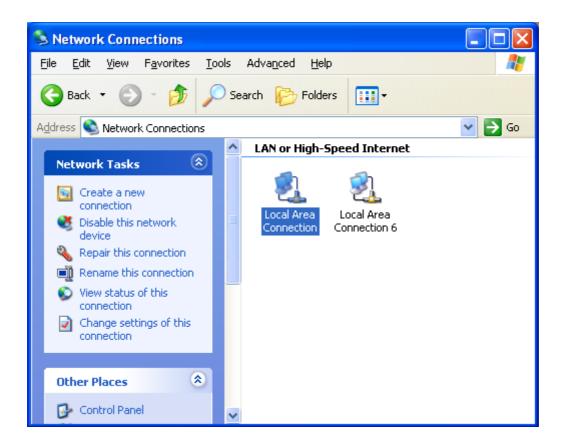


c. The **Microsoft TCP/IP Properties** window appears. Select the **IP Address** tab then choose the **Obtain an IP address from a DHCP server** option. Click the **OK** button and complete the settings.

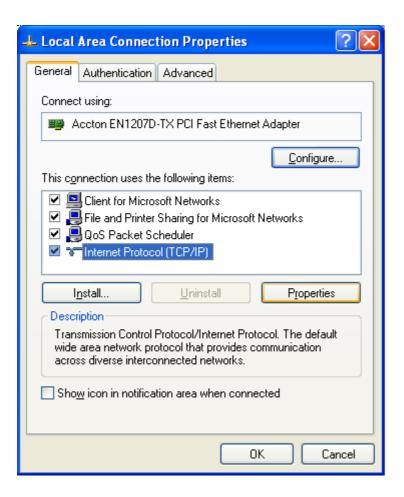


❖ Win XP

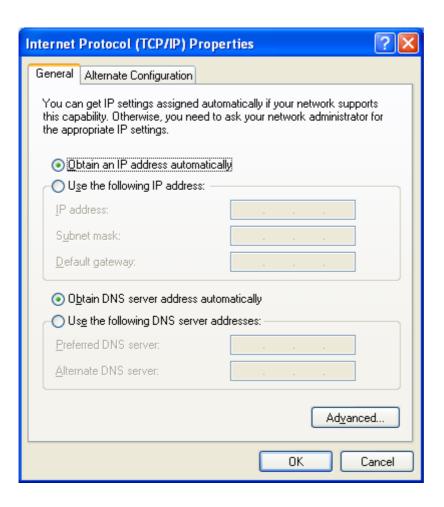
- a. From the **Start** menu on the tool bar, select **Control Panel**, then double click on the **Network Connections** icon.
- b. The **Network Connections** window appears. Right-click on the **Local Area Connection** for TCP/IP network adapter and select **Properties**.



c. The Local Area Connection Properties window appears. Click on Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), then click on Properties.



d. The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties window will appear. Select Obtain an IP address automatically, then click the OK button and complete the settings.



2. Accessing the 200ER

Follow these instructions to open a connection to the 200ER.

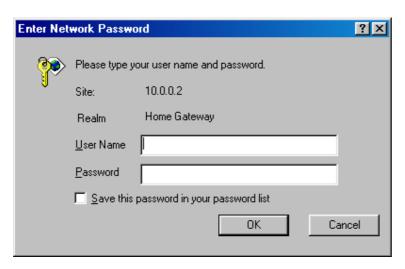
A. Start your web browser (i.e. Internet Explorer or Netscape) and enter **10.0.0.2** in the browser's address field. **10.0.0.2** is the factory default for the 200ER LAN IP address. If you change the LAN IP address, you must enter your new IP address in the browser's address field.



B. The **Enter Network Password** window appears. Type your user name and password to access the main page of the 200ER. The 200ER provides two levels of access: **User** and **Administration**.

For User level access, the **Username** is **"user"** and the **Password** is **"password"**. If you choose to login as a User, you can only view settings.

For Administration level access, the **Username** is "admin" and the **Password** is "visionnet". If you choose to login as a Administrator, you have full access to the 200ER.



If you cannot access the 200ER menu, check the following:

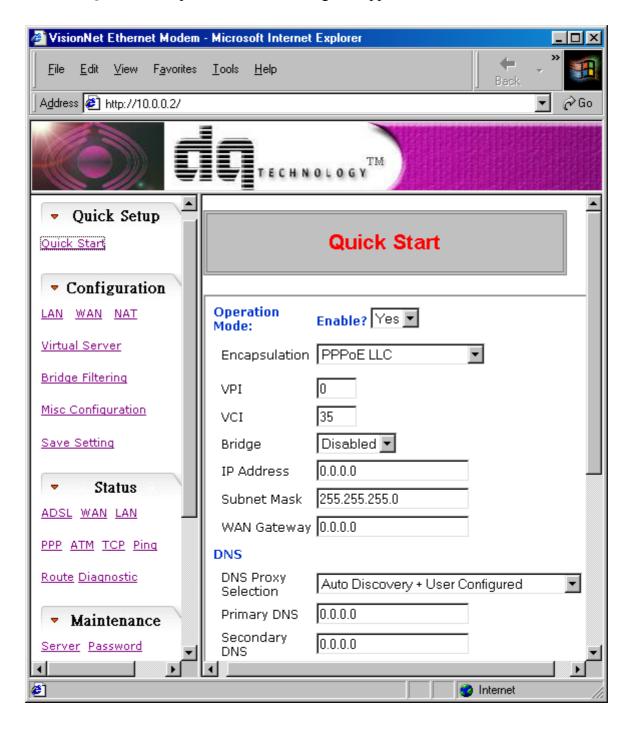
- ★ Your PC has not received an IP address from the 200ER. Your PC should have received an 10.0.0.X address. Try to release and renew your IP address on your PC.
- ★ Your LAN address is not the default IP address. In this case, run winipcfg.exe or ipconfig.exe. The IP address of 200ER is the Default Gateway address shown in this program.
- ★ Use the **RESET** button to reset the device to factory default. The default IP address is 10.0.0.2.
- C. The Main Page appears first when you use a web browser to access the 200ER. The menu on the left contains four menu items: **Quick Setup, Configuration, Status** and **Maintenance**.

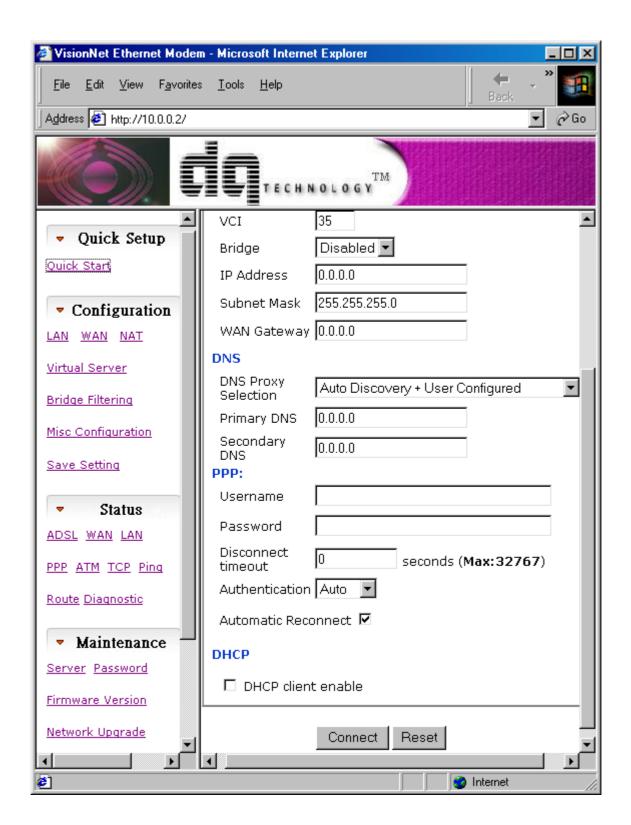
3. Quick Setup

The **Quick Setup** page is an easy way to set up the 200ER by entering basic configuration information. You will need to know your ISP's required configuration. If this information was not provided, please contact your ISP.

For many users, the default configuration of the product will provide all the necessary services. Some DSL service providers may require different settings from the default configuration. Please contact your service provider or network administrator if you have questions or need help.

a. Click the **Quick Start** option and the following will appear.





- b. In the **Enable** bar, select **Yes** to enable your settings. This should always be enabled.
- c. In the **ENCAPSULATION** bar, use the drop-down menu to select the encapsulation method (see options below) supplied by your ISP.
- d. When you have completed your configuration, click **Connect**. You can click **Reset** to bring back the last setting; this function can only be used before you click **Connect**.

■ 1483 Bridged IP LLC / VC-Mux

- 1. Type the **VPI** and **VCI** provided by your ISP.
- 2. Set the BRIDGE bar to Disabled.
- 3. Type the IP Address, Subnet Mask and WAN Gateway provided by your ISP.
- 4. In the DNS section, type Primary DNS and Secondary DNS provided by your ISP.
- 5. Click **Connect** to finish quick setup.

■ PPPoA LLC / VC-Mux , PPPoE LLC / VC-Mux

- 1. Type the VPI and VCI provided by your ISP.
- 2. Set the BRIDGE bar to Disabled.
- 3. In the PPP section, type the User Name and Password provided by your ISP.
- 4. Click **Connect** to finish quick setup.

■ 1483 Routed IP LLC / VC-Mux , Classical IP over ATM

- 1. Type the **VPI** and **VCI** provided by your ISP.
- 2. Set the **BRIDGE** bar to **Disabled**.
- 3. Type the IP Address, Subnet Mask and WAN Gateway provided by your ISP.
- 4. In the DNS section, type the **Primary DNS** and **Secondary DNS** provided by your ISP.
- 5. Click **Connect** to finish quick setup.

E Definitions

VPI:

The number of the Virtual Path Identifier in the VPI field.

VCI:

The number of the Virtual Circuit Identifier in the VCI field.

IP Address:

This is the IP address of the WAN interface of the selected virtual circuit (provided by your ISP). When using PPPoE or PPPoA, this field is not used.

WAN Gateway:

The WAN Default Gateway is provided by your ISP, which is the host IP address that transfers your data to the Internet. When using PPPoE and PPPoA, this field is not used.

DNS Proxy Selection

There are four options to choose from:

Auto Discovery + User Configured

This option will automatically discover your DNS server if provided by your ISP. In most all PPP and DHCP client configurations, the ISP will download the DNS addresses as part of the auto negotiation. If these DNS addresses were not provided, you can configure them manually. This option will first look for auto-discovery DNS and then look at the DNS defined in the 200ER.

Use Auto Discovery DNS Servers Only

This option will automatically discover your DNS server if provided by your ISP. In most all PPP and DHCP client configurations, the ISP will download the DNS addresses as part of the auto negotiation.

Use User Defined DNS Servers Only

You must enter the DNS addresses in the Primary and Secondary fields.

Disable DNS Proxy

The 200ER will not resolve DNS request. You must enter the DNS values in your TCP/IP properties in your PC.

Primary DNS / Secondary DNS:

The **Primary DNS** and **Secondary DNS** are provided by your ISP. In PPPoE and PPPoA, the DNS addresses are usually negotiated automatically.

Disconnect timeout:

This value will disconnect your PPP session if there is no WAN (Internet) activity.

Authentication:

You can use PAP (Password Authentication Protocol) or CHAP (Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol) to authenticate the client. PAP and CHAP are the methods of authentication using PPP. When you select "AUTO", the 200ER will automatically detect PAP, CHAP or both.

Automatic Reconnect:

The auto-reconnect will automatically reconnect the PPP session when it goes down.

DHCP:

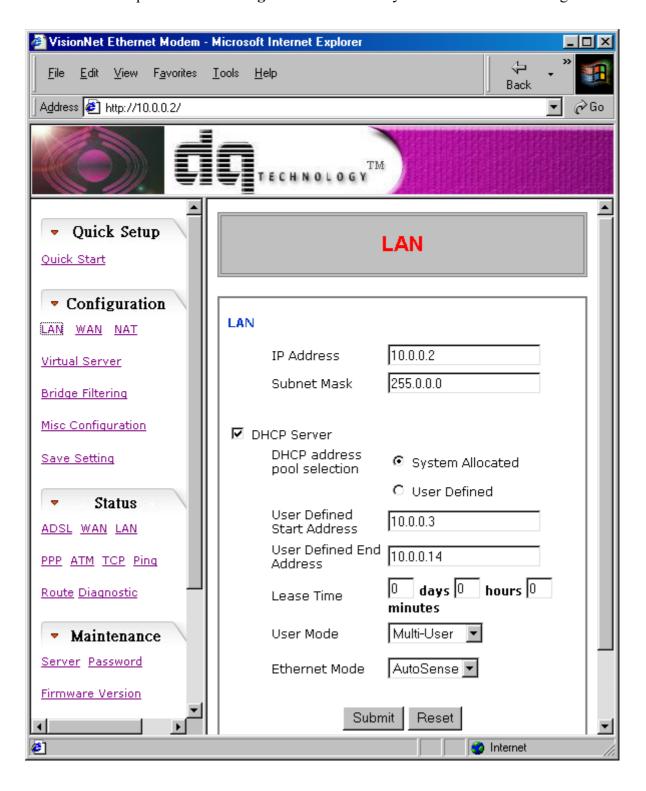
If your ISP uses DHCP Client for dynamically assigned IP Address, the **DHCP client enable** field must be checked.

4. System Configuration

This section describes the 200ER configuration interfaces. Options to host servers and utilize gaming applications is also described below.

■ LAN Page

a. Click LAN option in the Configuration menu and you will see the following screen.



- b. The factory default is set as shown on the screen.
- c. If you want to change the setting for the LAN interface, enter a valid IP address.
- d. When finished, please click **Submit**. You can click **Reset** to bring back the last setting; this function can only be used before you click **Submit**.

Note1: Both the IP Address for the Ethernet interface on your 200ER and IP Address for LAN card on your PC must be the same Subnet. If you re-configure the IP Address for the Ethernet Interface on your 200ER, you also need to check or reconfigure your PC's LAN IP Address as the same Subnet to access the 200ER.

Note2: If you change the LAN IP address, you must change the Start and End IP address in the DHCP server fields (if DHCP Server is required). After you restart the 200ER, you must restart your PC. Your Ethernet adapter will be assigned an IP address automatically. After you renew your address, enter your new IP address in the address field of your browser.

Definitions

IP Address:

The IP address of the 200ER LAN interface is sometimes referred to as the LAN default gateway.

Subnet Mask:

The range of the Subnet mask in use for the LAN connected to the Ethernet port. The default is 255.0.0.0.

DHCP Server:

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) is used on a LAN to allow simple device management from workstations. In DHCP Server mode, the 200ER automatically assigns IP settings to a workstation when your device has enabled DHCP client.

User Defined Start Address/End Address:

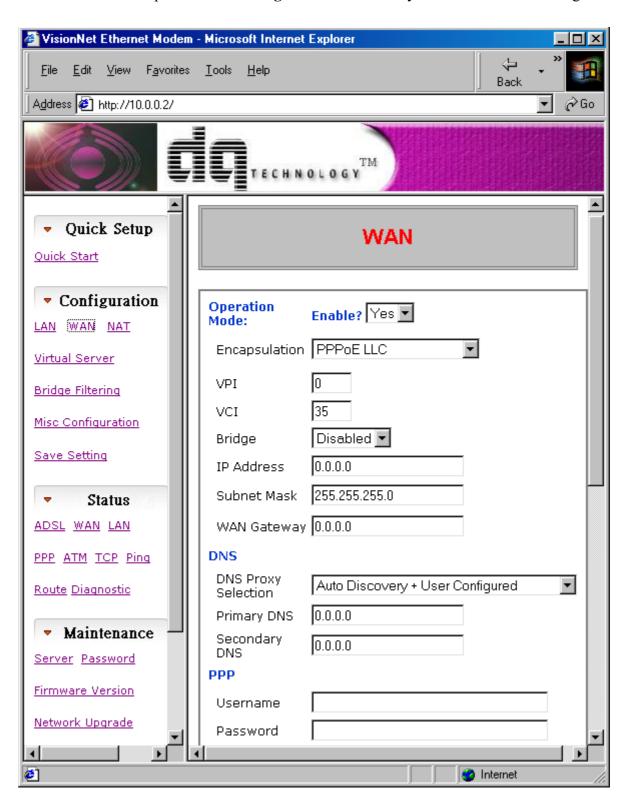
You can enable DHCP Server and set the Address ranges from which the addresses are distributed to the DHCP clients on your network. The Start/End address must be in the same subnet as the LAN IP Address.

Lease Time:

A DHCP lease time is the amount of time that the DHCP server grants to the DHCP client to use a particular IP address. If set to 0 (zero), the DHCP Server will never release assigned IP addresses.

■ WAN Page

a. Click the WAN option in the Configuration menu and you will see the following screen.



- b. You will see the factory default as shown on screen.
- c. In the **ENCAPSULATION** bar, use the drop-down menu to select the encapsulation method determined by your ISP. You may need to contact your ISP to determine which encapsulation is used in their network.
- d. The 200ER connects and communicates with WAN via ATM. The 200ER has the capability of defining 8 VC's (Virtual Circuit).

You can configure ATM parameters for each virtual circuit which do not affect other virtual circuits. The screen that appears depends on the VC you selected.

In the **ATM Interface** bar, you can set up to eight groups of ATM Interfaces. Choose **Enable** to enable your settings.

The default is set to $\mathbf{0}$. Do not set $1 \sim 7$ unless instructed by your ISP.

- e. Enter **VPI** and **VCI** parameters (0, 35 is the most common and is default on the 200ER) provided by your ISP.
- f. Set the **BRIDGE** bar to **Disabled**.

Enter the IP Address, Subnet Mask and WAN Gateway provided by your ISP if you choose 1483 Bridged IP LLC, 1483 Bridged IP VC-Mux, 1483 Routed IP LLC, 1483 Routed IP VC-Mux or Classical IP over ATM.

Enter the **Username** and **Password** provided to you by your ISP if you choose **PPPoA VC-Mux**, **PPPoA LLC**, **PPPoE VC-Mux**, or **PPPoE LLC**.

g. When finished, click **Submit**. You can click **Reset** to bring back the last setting; this function can only be used before you click **Submit**.

Definitions

VPI:

The number of the Virtual Path Identifier in the VPI field.

VCI:

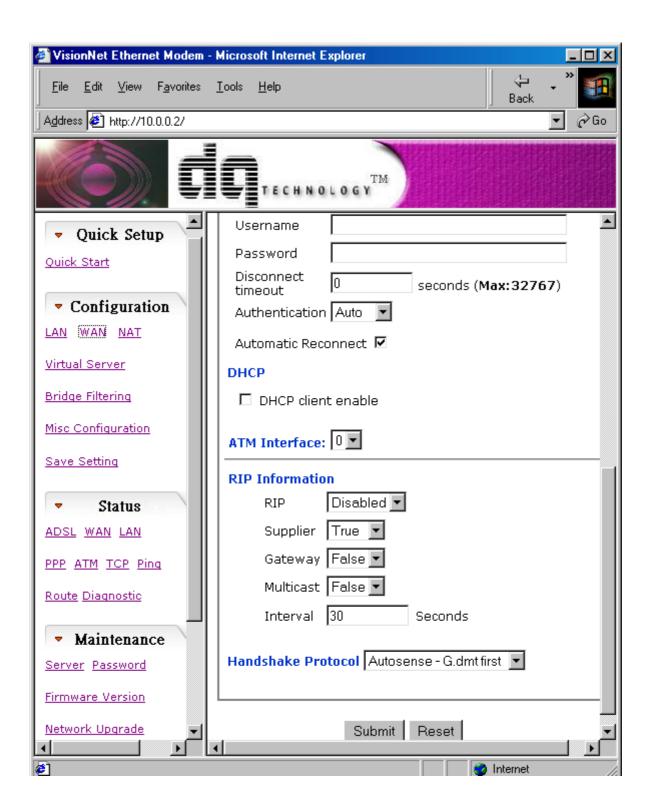
The number of the Virtual Circuit Identifier in the VCI field.

IP Address:

This is the IP address of the WAN interface of the selected virtual circuit (provided by your ISP). When using PPPoE or PPPoA, this field is not used.

WAN Gateway:

The WAN Default Gateway is provided by your ISP, which is the host IP address that transfers your data to the Internet. When using PPPoE and PPPoA, this field is not used.



DNS Proxy Selection

There are four options to choose from:

Auto Discovery + User Configured

This option will automatically discover your DNS server if provided by your ISP. In most all PPP and DHCP client configurations, your ISP will download the DNS addresses as part of the auto negotiation. If the DNS addresses are not provided, you can configure then manually. This option will first look for auto-discovery DNS and then at the DNS defined in the 200ER.

Use Auto Discovery DNS Servers Only

This option will automatically discover your DNS server if provided by your ISP. In most all PPP and DHCP client configurations, your ISP will download the DNS addresses as part of the auto negotiation.

Use User Defined DNS Servers Only

You must enter the DNS addresses in the Primary and Secondary fields.

Disable DNS Proxy

The 200ER will not resolve DNS requests. You must enter the DNS values in your TCP/IP properties in your PC.

Primary DNS / Secondary DNS:

The **Primary DNS** and **Secondary DNS** are provided by your ISP. In PPPoE and PPPoA, the DNS addresses are usually negotiated automatically.

Disconnect timeout:

This value will disconnect your PPP session if there is no WAN (Internet) activity.

Authentication:

You can use PAP (Password Authentication Protocol) or CHAP (Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol) to authenticate the client. PAP and CHAP are methods of authentication using PPP. When you select "AUTO", the 200ER will automatically detect PAP, CHAP or both.

Automatic Reconnect:

The auto-reconnect will automatically reconnect the PPP session when it goes down. If you want to reconnect your PPP session (WAN/Internet), enable **Automatic Reconnect**.

DHCP:

If your ISP uses DHCP Client for dynamically assigned IP Addresses, the **DHCP client enable** field must be checked.

RIP:

Routing Information Protocol version 2 is the protocol used to maintain a map of the network. RIP sends routing-update messages at regular intervals when the network topology changes. When a router receives a routing update that includes changes to an entry, it updates its routing table to reflect the new route. RIP routers maintain only the best route (the route with the lowest metric value) to a destination. Use the pull-down menu to enable or disable RIP.

Supplier:

RIP advertisements are transmitted in intervals depending on your setting for **Interval**. Select the **True** to enable or **False** to disable this function from the pull-down menu.

Gateway:

When the value of **Gateway** is **True**, RIP advertisements include a default gateway.

Multicast:

When the value of **Multicast** is **True**, received broadcast RIP messages are ignored, and received multicast RIP messages are accepted.

Interval:

Enter the timing of how many seconds you want to transmit RIP messages when you set as **True**. The default interval is **30** seconds.

Handshake Protocol:

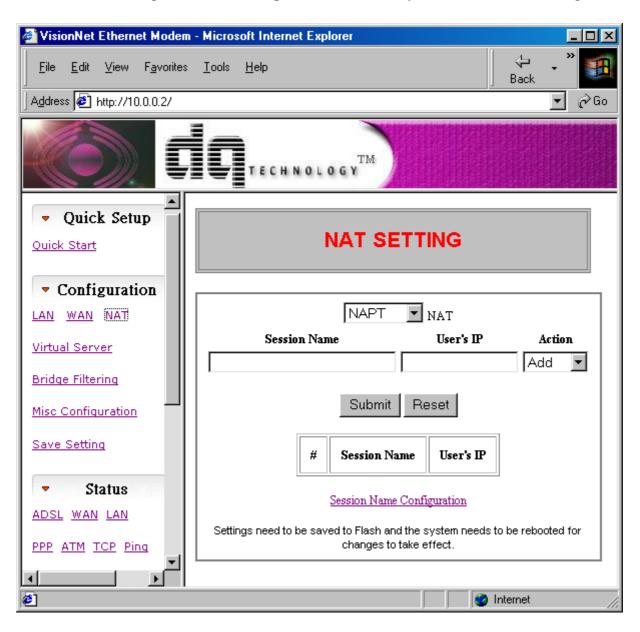
In the **Handshake Protocol** bar, you can use the pull-down menu to select the handshake protocol supplied by your ISP. The factory default is set to **Autosense-G.dmt first**.

Note: The chart below is for your reference and contains the most common setup procedures. Please keep in mind that your ISP's configuration may not be the same as below.

Options	PPPoE	PPPoA	Static IP	Dynamic IP
Operation mode	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Encapsulation	PPPoE-LLC	PPPoA-VCMUX	1483 Bridge IP LLC / 1483 Routed IP LLC	1483 Bridge IP LLC / 1483 Routed IP LLC
VPI & VCI	Provided by ISP	Provided by ISP	Provided by ISP	Provided by ISP
Bridge	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled	Disabled
IP Address	N/A	N/A	Provided by ISP	N/A
Subnet Mask	N/A	N/A	Provided by ISP	N/A
WAN Gateway	N/A	N/A	Provided by ISP	N/A
Primary DNS	N/A	N/A	Provided by ISP	N/A
Secondary DNS	N/A	N/A	Provided by ISP	N/A
PPP:				
Username	Provided by ISP	Provided by ISP	N/A	N/A
Password	Provided by ISP	Provided by ISP	N/A	N/A
Disconnect T/O	0	0	N/A	N/A
Auto-Reconnect	Enabled	Enabled	N/A	N/A
Authentication	Auto	Auto	N/A	N/A
DHCP:				
DHCP Client	N/A	N/A	Disabled	Enabled

■ NAT Page

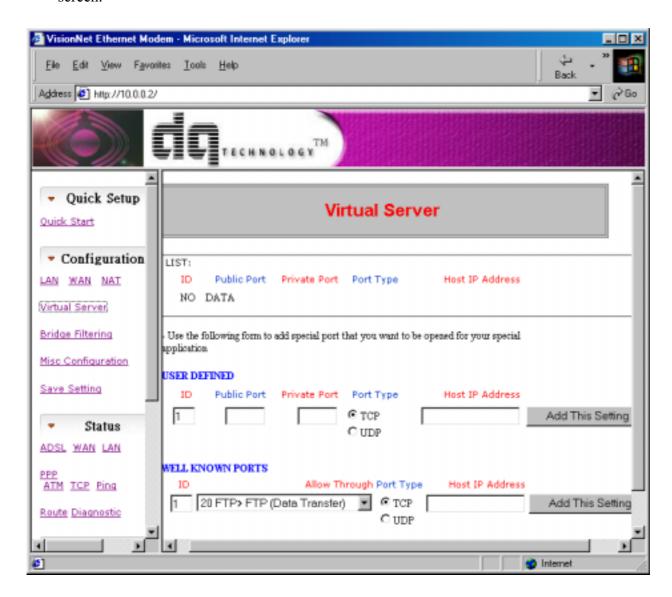
a. Click the NAT option in the Configuration menu and you will see the following screen.



- b. Network Address Transfer (NAT) can correlate virtual IP/Global IP statically or dynamically. Use the pull-down menu to choose **NAPT**, **NAT** or **Disabled**. NAPT is set as the default.
 - If **NAT** is selected, you must define which PC on your LAN can access the Internet on the configuration of the session name, user's IP and session name configuration. NAT is only used when you have configured multiple virtual PVC's.
 - If **NAPT** is selected, all PC's on your LAN can access the Internet simultaneously using 1 IP address. The servers and workstations on your local network are not visible outside your network.
 - If **Disabled** is selected, you must have routable IP addresses on all LAN devices. These addresses are provided by your ISP.
- c. When finished, click **Submit**. You can click **Reset** to bring back the last setting; this function can only be used before you click **Submit**.

■ Virtual Server Page

a. Click the **Virtual Server** option in the **Configuration** menu and you will see the following screen.



E Definitions

Virtual Server:

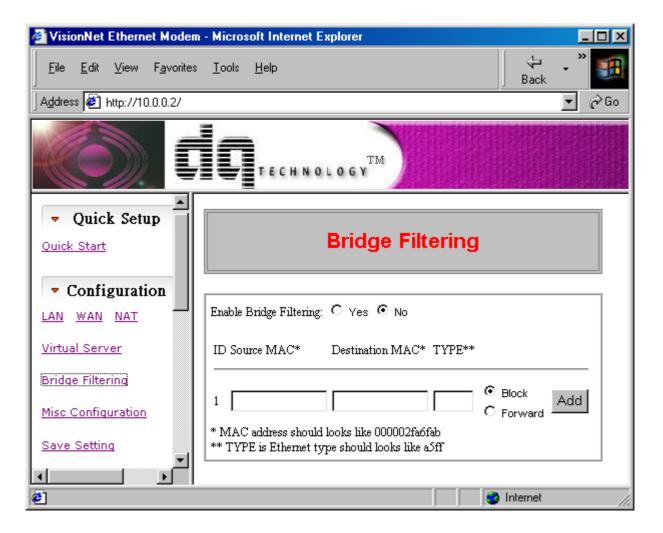
Virtual Server allows you to pass specific types of network traffic through the 200ER's NAPT interfaces. For example, you can pass selected types of network traffic such as Telnet requests or HTTP (Web) connections, to a specific host behind the 200ER's LAN side devices.

Note: If you need to host a Web Server, you must change the HTTP management port in the MISC configuration page to something other than port 80.

- b. Enter an ID number to specify the virtual server. Enter the **Public Port** number which corresponds to the applications port (Ex. Telnet uses port 23). DQ Technology has predefined common applications for ease of configuration.
- c. Enter the **Private Port** number which is the port number you forward to the specified IP address. In most cases, this will be same as the Public Port.
- d. Type port identifies the protocol (TCP or UDP) of the virtual server application.
- e. The **Host IP Address** field identifies the IP address of the server where the ports will be forwarded.
- f. Click **Add This Setting** to save your setting, and you will see your settings show on the list. You can click **Delete This Setting** to delete your setting.

■ Bridge Filtering Page

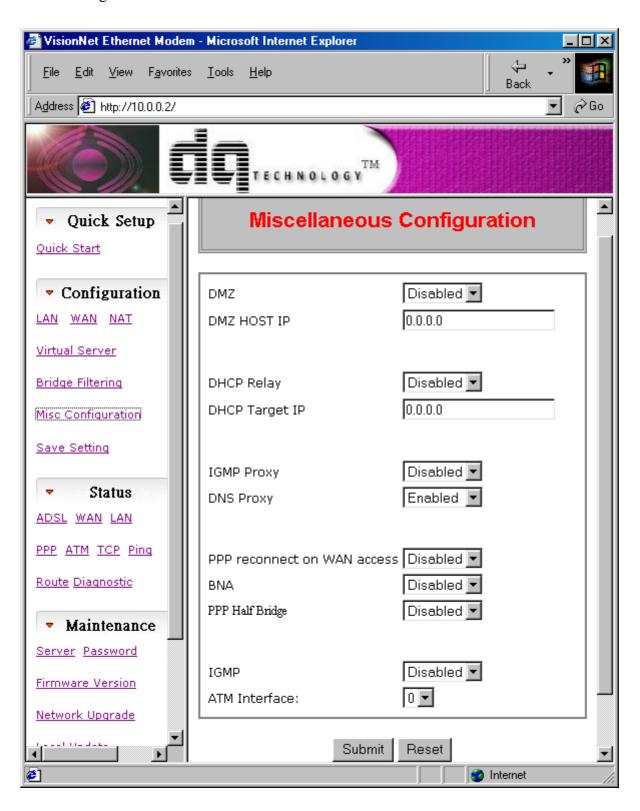
a. Click the **Bridge Filtering** option in the **Configuration** menu and you will see the following screen.



- b. You can control the flow of packets across the router using this function. Bridge filtering lets you deny or allow packets to cross the network based on the MAC address and position of the address within the packet. This enables you to restrict or forward messages with a specified address passing through the LAN to WAN. Choose **Yes** in **Enable Bridge Filtering** to enable this function.
- c. The 200ES/ER is capable of filtering Ethernet packets based on their source/destination address and protocol type. To restrict certain packets, complete the **ID Source MAC**, **Destination MAC** and **TYPE** field. Enable the **Block** button and click **Add**.
- d. If you want to disable bridge filtering mode for one of the local MAC addresses you restricted, enable the **Forward** button for the address.

■ Misc Configuration Page

a. Click the **Misc Configuration** option in the **Configuration** menu and you will see the following screen.



- b. If you want to enable DMZ, make sure the NAT or NAPT function is enabled (please refer to the section describing NAT in this manual). Choose **Enabled** for **DMZ** and fill in the host IP in the **DMZ HOST IP** to enable the DMZ function.
- c. If you want to enable **DHCP Relay**, you must enter the IP address of the DHCP server in the **DHCP Target IP**.
- d. The IGMP Proxy capability allows users anywhere on a downstream network to join an upstream sourced multicast group. **Enable** the **IGMP Proxy** if you want to use this function.
- e. When finished, click **Submit**. You can click **Reset** to bring back the last setting; this function can only be used before you click **Submit**.

E Definitions

DMZ:

DMZ is an acronym for demilitarized zone. It is a common area between two different networks, such as the Internet and a secure private network. When enabled, all traffic initiated from the Internet to the 200ER will be directed to 1 defined IP address on the LAN.

Some companies prefer, for security reasons, to use a DMZ to locate secure servers that will be accessed by outside trusted entities instead of placing those servers on their private network. That way they can limit the protocols that can be used to access their private network, but still share information such as sales leads, client records or inventory information. The servers located on the DMZ are more secure than if they were directly on the Internet. DMZ is also used for Internet Gaming applications.

DHCP Relay:

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. In addition to the DHCP server feature, the 200ER is enhanced to support the DHCP relay function. When it is configured as DHCP relay, it is responsible for forwarding the requests and responses negotiated between the DHCP clients and the remote DHCP server.

IGMP Proxy:

The IGMP Proxy mechanism was added to the Unidirectional Link Routing feature to permit hosts that are not directly connected to a downstream router to be able to join a multicast group sourced from an upstream network.

DNS Proxy:

When enabled, the 200ER acts as a DNS server for internal clients. When disabled, the user must enter DNS addresses within the devices TCP/IP properties.

PPP Reconnect on WAN Access:

If you entered a disconnect timeout value in the Quick Start or WAN menu, the PPP session will connect upon a URL request. If the PPP reconnect on WAN access was enabled and you enter a URL, you establish a PPP session.

PPP Half Bridge:

Allows the modem to authenticate to the PPP server and hand off a public IP address to the PC.

IGMP:

Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) was primarily designed for hosts on multi-access networks to inform locally attached routers of their group membership information.

IGMP allows hosts to communicate their desired group memberships to their local queries router to receive any datagram's sent to this router and targeted to a group with a specific IP multicast address.

■ Save Setting Page

Click the **Save Setting** option in the **Configuration** menu and you will see the following screen. Click **Submit** to write settings into the 200ER. In order to save changes, you must click on the **Submit** button, which resets your modem.

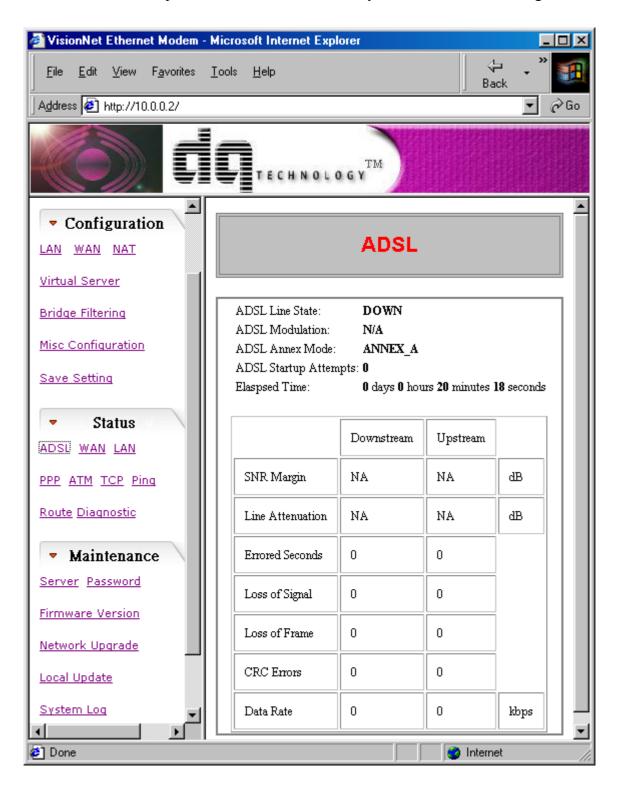


5. System Status

This section is used to troubleshoot and diagnose any problems on the 200ER.

■ ADSL Page

a. Click the ADSL option in the Status menu and you will see the following screen.



- b. You can see the line rate (Data Rate) on your screen after the ADSL link is established.
- c. Click the **ADSL** option in the **Status** menu each time you want to see the most updated line rate or ADSL connect status (the ADSL link must be established first).

E Definitions

SNR Margin:

Amount of noise (dB loss in SNR) that can be tolerated while maintaining a BER of 10⁻⁷.

Line Attenuation:

Measured in dB's.

Error Seconds:

The time of a received Reed Solomon codeword for data stream indicating that errors have been corrected in that codeword.

Loss of Signal:

The receiving pilot tone power, averaged over 100 ms, is 6dB or more below the reference power.

Loss of Frame:

When the unit receives two consecutive synchronization symbols, the number of tones with a mismatch between the expected and the measured bit pattern is lower than the threshold.

CRC Errors:

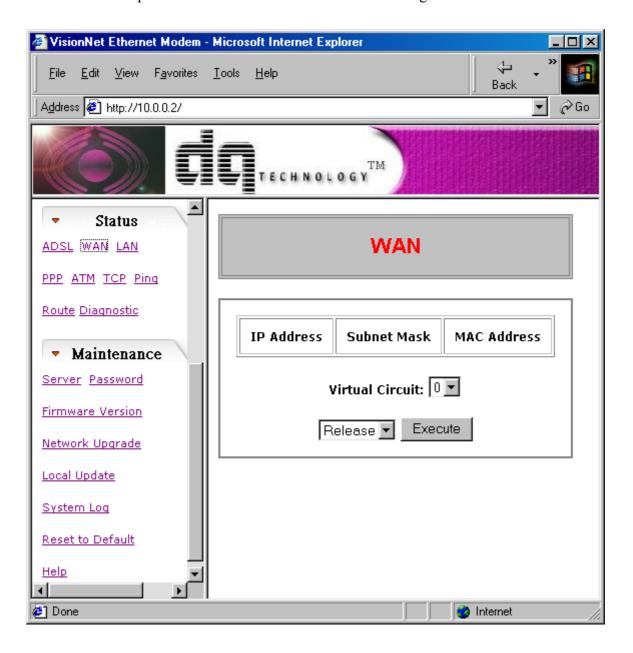
When a received CRC-8 code for the data stream is not identical to the corresponding generated code at a rate of at most 1 per super frame (17ms).

Data Rate:

When the router is up, these parameters indicate the actual ATM bit rate (without overheat) for the up stream / down stream paths.

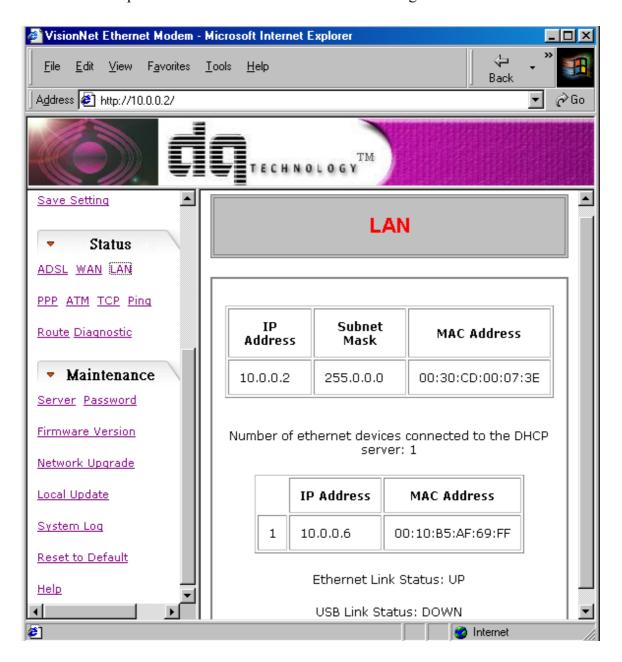
■ WAN Page

Click the **WAN** option in the **Status** menu to see the following LAN information.



■ LAN Page

Click the LAN option in the **Status** menu to see the following LAN information.



Definitions

MAC Address:

This is the hardware address of the LAN port on the 200ER.

IP Address:

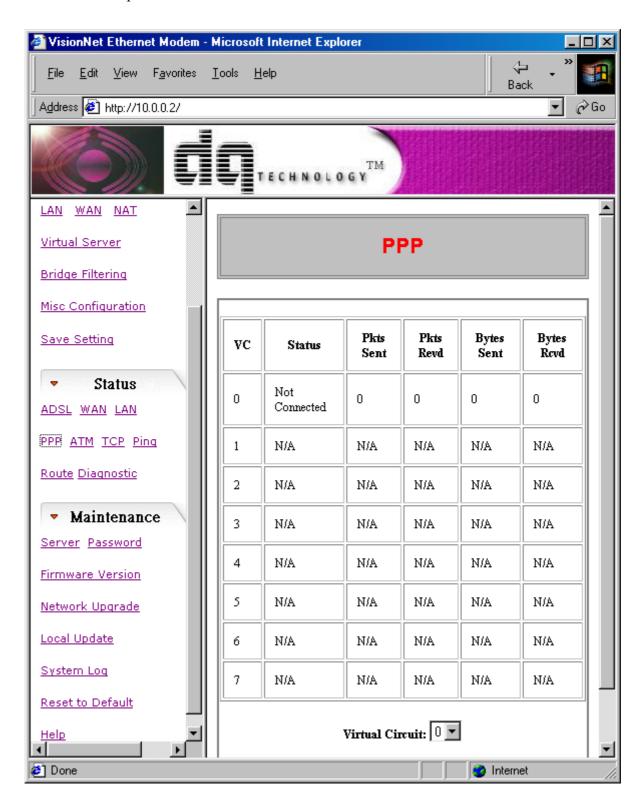
The IP Address of the LAN port on the 200ER. The default address is 10.0.0.2.

Subnet Mask:

The range of the Subnet mask in use for the LAN connected to the Ethernet port. Default is 255.0.0.0.

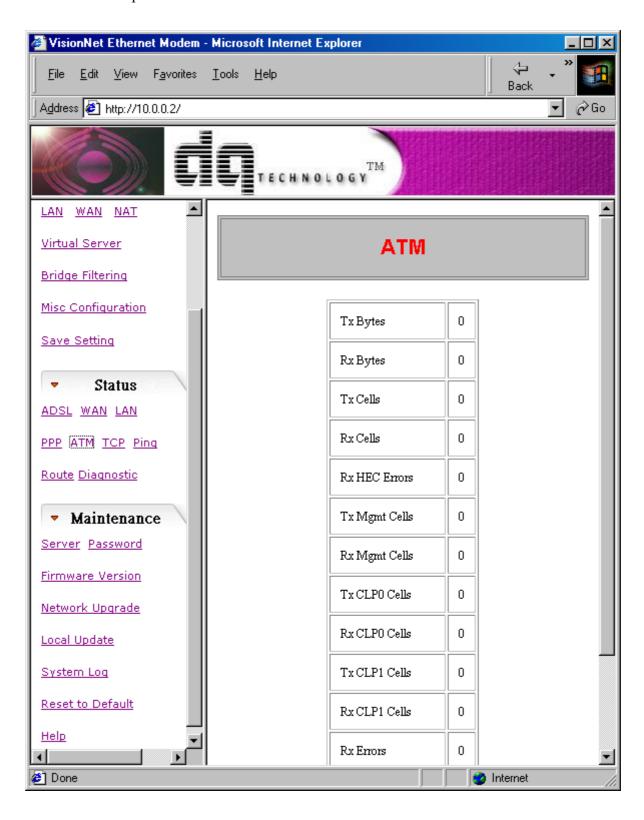
■ PPP Page

Click the **PPP** option in the **Status** menu to see PPP status.



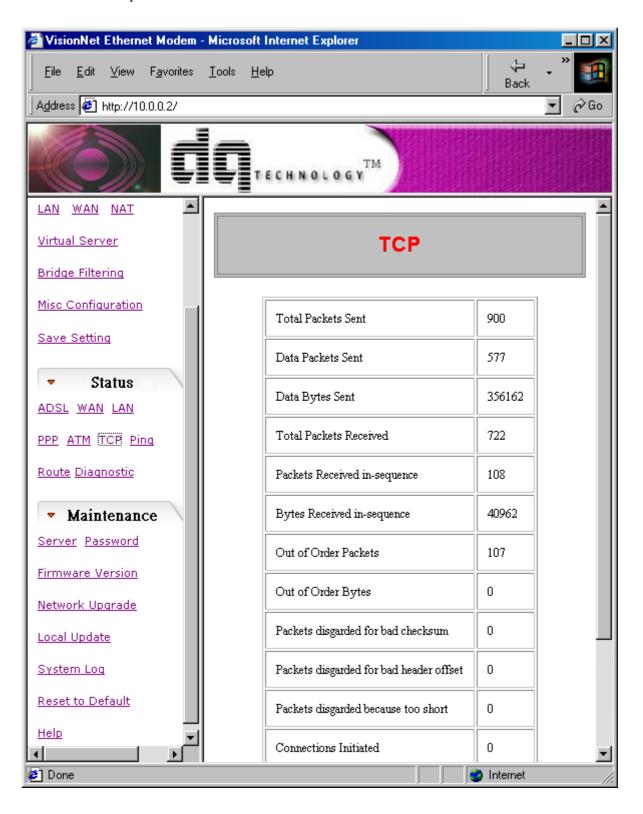
■ ATM Page

Click the **ATM** option in the **Status** menu to see the ATM status.



■ TCP Page

Click the **TCP** option in the **Status** menu to see TCP status.



■ Ping Page

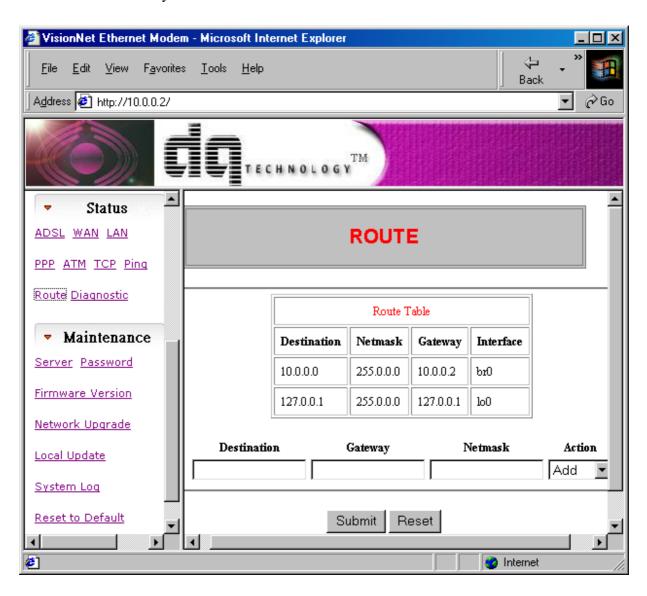
Click the **Ping** option in the **Status** menu and you will see the following screen.

Enter the IP address in **Ping IP Address** which you want to ping, then click **Go** to see the Ping Result.



■ Route Page

a. Click the **Route** option in the **Status** menu to see information for your Route Table. You will see the factory default as shown on screen.



- b. You can add or delete the Route Table by setting **Destination** and **Gateway**.
- c. After the routes have been added or deleted, click **Submit**. You can click **Reset** to bring back the last setting; this function can only be used before you click **Submit**.

E Definitions

Destination:

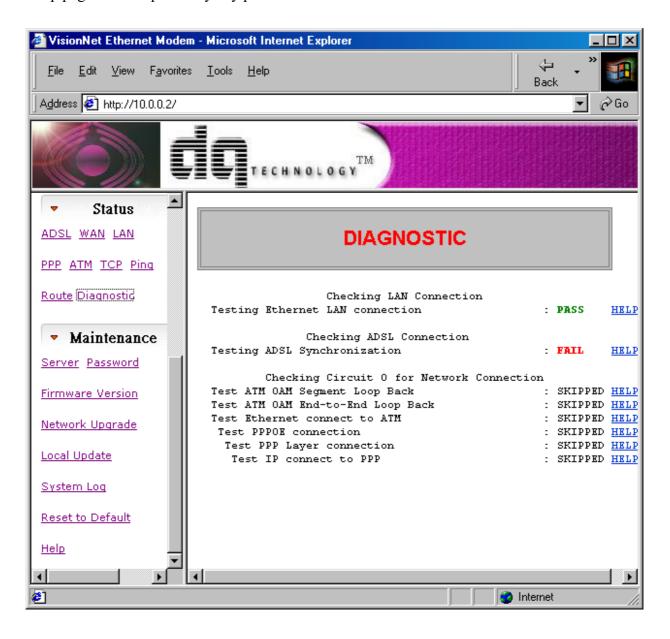
The packet's destination address.

Gateway:

Use the Gateway Address field to specify the IP address of the default IP gateway.

■ Diagnostic Page

Click the **Diagnostic** option in the **Status** menu to see the status of your ADSL connection. The help pages will help identify any problems.

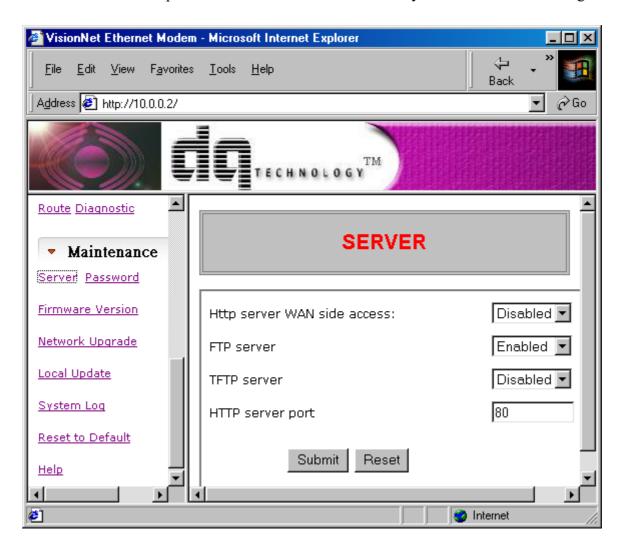


6. System Administration

This section is only for administration (Administration level), but the user (User level) can also view the Firmware Version page and Help page.

Server Page

a. Click the Server option in the Maintenance menu and you will see the following screen.



- b. If you want to allow remote access into the 200ER through a web browser, the **Http server WAN side access** must be **Enabled**.
- c. If you allow the user to access the FTP server on the 200ER, select **Enabled** in the **FTP** server.
- d. The Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) is a simple, lock-step, file transfer protocol which allows a client to get or put a file onto a remote host. If you wish to allow the user to execute soft code upgrading through TFTP on MS-DOS mode, select **Enabled**.
- e. The 200ER is set Port 80 to access the user interface by default.
- f. When finished, please click **Submit**. You can click **Reset** to bring back the last setting; this function can only be used before you click **Submit**.

■ Password Page

access.

a. Click the **Password** option in the **Maintenance** menu and you will see the following screen.



- b. You can change the User Password or Admin Password in this page.
 The admin password permits full read/write access while the user password permits read
- c. When finished, click **Submit**. You can click **Reset** to bring back the last setting; this function can only be used before you click **Submit**.

■ Firmware Version Page

Click the **Firmware Version** option in the **Maintenance** menu to see the software version of your 200ER.



■ Network Upgrade Page

Click the **Network Upgrade** option in the **Maintenance** menu and you will see the following screen.

You can upgrade software from the Internet on this page. When executed, please follow the instructions in the dialog box to complete the upgrade.



■ Local Update Page

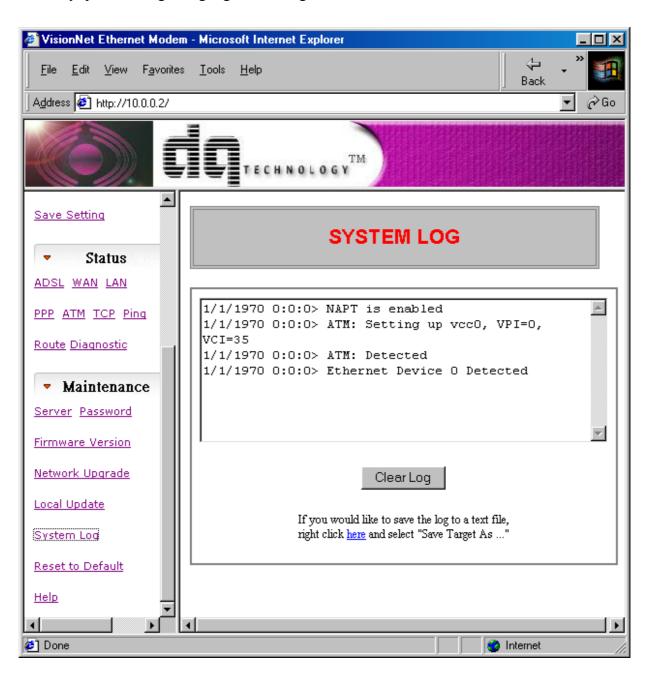
a. Click the **Local Update** option in the **Maintenance** menu and you will see the following screen. You can upgrade software from this page.



- b. A current version of the 200ER software package must reside either on your hard disk or on a floppy disk, and should be loaded on your PC. Click the **Browse** button next to passive software version and locate the new software package on either your hard disk or floppy.
- c. When the correct package is selected, click the **Upload** button. At this time, the software package will be transferred from your PC to the 200ER.

■ System Log Page

Click the **System Log** option in the **Maintenance** menu and you will see the following screen. You can see the router's connected status on this page. Please contact your service provider if you have any questions regarding log file messages.



■ Reset to Default Page

a. Click the **Reset to Default** option in the **Maintenance** menu and you will see the following screen.

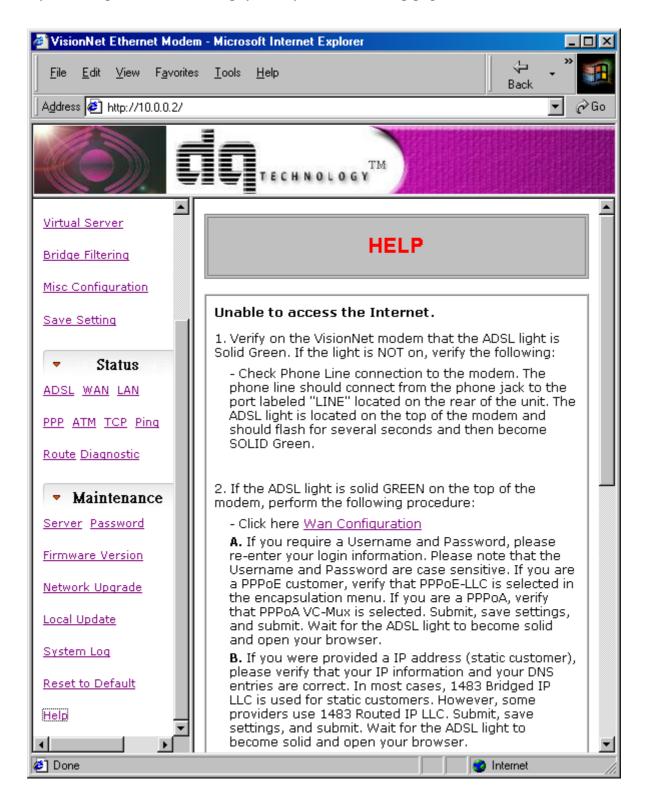


- b. You can reset the device to factory default from this page. Note that all the previous settings of the 200ER will be set back to factory default, so you need to re-configure the 200ER.
- c. Click **Reset** and the 200ER will reset settings to factory default and reboot.

■ Help Page

Click the **Help** option in the **Maintenance** menu and you will see the following screen.

If you have question or need help, you may refer to the Help page.



Appendix

If you use 1483 Bridged/Routed IP encapsulation and disabled NAT/NAPT, you will need to configure the IP address of your PC to a static address provided by your ISP.

Follow these instructions according to what operating system you use.

■ Windows 95, 98, 98SE and Me

- 1. From the **Start** menu on the tool bar, select **Settings**, then **Control Panel**. Double-click on the **Network** icon.
- 2. The **Network** window appears. Select the **Configuration** tab, scroll down the installed network components window and find your TCP/IP-->NIC (Network Interface Card). Click the **Properties** button.
- 3. The TCP/IP Properties window appears.

Select the **IP** Address tab and select the **Specify an IP** Address option. Enter the **IP** Address and **Subnet Mask** settings supplied by your ADSL provider.

Select the **Gateway** tab to setup a new gateway and enter the setting (supplied by your ISP) in the **New gateway** section. Click **Add**.

Select the **DNS** Configuration tab and choose the **Enable DNS** option. You need to have available the **Host**, **Domain** and **DNS** settings supplied by your ISP. Now enter your host name into **Host**, enter your domain name into **Domain** and enter DNS number into **DNS Server Search Order** box. Click **Add**. If you have more than one DNS numbers, repeat this step.

- 4. After setting all the necessary TCP/IP Properties, click **OK**.
- 5. The **Network** window appears. Click **OK**.
- 6. The **System Setting Change** window appears. You will be asked if you want to restart your computer. Click **Yes**.

■ Windows 2000

- 1. Double-click My Computer, then Control Panel, and then Network and Dial-up Connections.
- 2. The **Network and Dial-up Connections** window appears. Right-click on the **Local Area Connection** for TCP/IP network adapter and select **Properties**.
- 3. The Local Area Connection Properties window appears. Click on Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), and then click on Properties.
- 4. The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties window appears. Under the General tab, enable Use the following IP address and the default settings for IP configurations will turn from gray to clear. Enter the IP address, Subnet mask and Default gateway supplied by your ISP.

If your ISP provides a DNS address, please enter it into the **Preferred DNS server** box. Click **OK**.

- 5. The previous General tab window appears. Click OK.
- 6. The **Network and Dial-up Connection** window appears. Close this window and complete your configurations.

■ Windows NT4.0

- 1. From the **Start** menu on the tool bar, select **Settings→Control Panel**. Double click on the **Network** icon.
- 2. The **Network** window appears. Select the **Protocols** tab and click on **TCP/IP Protocol**. Click on **Properties**.
- 3. The Microsoft TCP/IP Properties window appears.

Select the **IP Address** tab and then choose the **Specify an IP Address** option. Enter the **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask** and **Default Gateway** settings supplied by your ISP.

Select the **DNS** tab. You need to have available the **Host**, **Domain** and **DNS** settings supplied by your ISP. Enter your host name into **Host Name**, enter your domain name into **Domain** and enter DNS number into the **DNS Server Search Order** box. Click **Add**. If you have more than one DNS number, repeat this step.

- 4. After setting all the necessary TCP/IP Properties, click **OK**.
- 5. The Network window appears. Click OK and complete your configurations.

Windows XP

- 1. From the **Start** menu on the tool bar, select **Control Panel**, then double-click on the **Network Connections** icon.
- 2. The **Network Connections** window appears. Right-click on the **Local Area Connection** for TCP/IP network adapter and select **Properties**.
- 3. The Local Area Connection Properties window appears. Click on Internet Protocol (TCP/IP), then click on Properties.
- 4. The **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties** window appears. Under the **General** tab, enable **Use the following IP address** and the default settings for IP configurations will turn from gray to clear. Enter the **IP address**, **Subnet mask** and **Default gateway** supplied by your ISP.

If your ISP provided the DNS number, enter it into the **Preferred DNS server** box. Click **OK**

- 5. The previous General tab window appears. Click **OK**.
- 6. The **Network Connections** window appears. Close this window and complete your configurations.

Warranty Information

DQ Technology warrants that all products are free from defective material and workmanship and, subject to the conditions set forth below, agrees to repair or replace any part of a product that proves defective by reason of improper workmanship or materials without charge for parts and labor.

The VisionNet 200ES/ER is warranted for five years on data drives and on all other parts from the date of original purchase.

If a product does not perform as warranted herein, owner's sole remedy shall be repair or replacement as provided below.

In no event will DQ Technology be liable for damages, lost revenue, lost wages, lost saving or any other incidental or consequential damages arising from purchase, use, or inability to use this product, even if DQ Technology has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

Any defective product should be returned to your local DQ Technology dealer or distributor, along with a copy of your sales slip, the product serial number (if applicable) and a detailed description of the problem you are experiencing.

No express or implied warranty is made for DQ Technology products damaged by accident, abuse, misuse, natural or personal disaster, or any unauthorized disassembly, repair or modification.

If you experience any difficulty during the installation process or subsequent use of a DQ Technology product, please contact DQ Technology's technical support department at 1-866-286-XDSL (9375) or e-mail techctr@dqusa.com.

INDUSTRY CANADA (IC) NOTICE

NOTICE: The industry Canada (IC) label identifies certified equipment. This certification means that the equipment meets telecommunications network protective, operational and safety requirements as prescribed in the appropriate Terminal Equipment Technical Requirements document(s). The department does not guarantee the equipment will operate to the user's satisfaction.

Before installing this equipment, users should ensure that it is permissible to be connected to the facilities of the local telecommunications company. The equipment must also be installed using ac acceptable method of connection. The customer should be aware that compliance with the above conditions might not prevent degradation of service in some situations.

Repairs to certified equipment should be coordinated by a representative designated by the supplier. Any repairs or alterations made by a user to this equipment, or equipment malfunctions, may give the telephone communications company cause to request the user to disconnect the equipment.

User should ensure for their own protection, that the electrical ground connections of the power utility, telephone lines and internal metallic water pipe system, if present, are connected together. This precaution may be particularly important in rural areas.

Caution: Users should not attempt to make such connections themselves, but should contact the appropriate electric inspection authority, or electrician, as appropriate.

NOTICE: The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) assigned to each terminal device provides an indication of the maximum number of terminals allowed to be connected to a telephone interface. The termination on an interface may consist of any combination of devices subject only to the requirement that the sum of the Ringer Equivalence Numbers of all the devices does not exceed 5.

REN: 0.6B

Technical Support and Modem Returns

To Our Valued Customer:

In our continuing effort to provide excellent customer and technical support and ensure your quick connection to the Internet, we ask that you do the following if you experience connection problems:

- Call your Internet service provider (ISP) to verify activation of your DSL service.
 You may want to ask your provider if there are issues with your DSL line provider (typically your phone company) that you should be aware.
- 2. After verifying from your ISP and/or DSL line provider that there are no issues with your DSL service, call DQ Technology's technical support staff at 1-866-286-XDSL (9375).

These basic steps are necessary to get you connected quickly and inexpensively.

If after troubleshooting your modem, DQ Technology's technical support staff determines the modem is defective and cannot be made to work properly, a Return Merchandise Authorization number (RMA) will be issued for the return of the modem.

AN RMA NUMBER IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO RETURNING ANY PRODUCT.

Unfortunately, if you return a modem without a valid RMA, you will be charged a restocking fee and handling fee.

As all our products are backed by an industry leading 5 year limited warranty (see manual), DQ Technology will promptly ship a new or repaired modem to you once we receive the defective modem. Credit is not given for returned modems.

Thank you for choosing DQ Technology!